# APx52x/58x FAMILIES OF AUDIO ANALYZERS

Installation Instructions and Specifications



## APx52x and 58x families of audio analyzers

### Installation Instructions and Specifications



model APx525 with DIO, DSIO, HDMI and Bluetooth options

October, 2014



Copyright © 2006–2014 Audio Precision, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the United States of America.

No part of this manual may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, or by any information storage and retrieval system, without permission in writing from the publisher.

AUDIO PRECISION, the AUDIO PRECISION logo and the AP logo are trademarks of Audio Precision and are registered in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office and in other countries. Windows<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of Microsoft Corporation. Dolby and the double-D symbol are trademarks of Dolby Laboratories, Inc. DTS is a trademark of DTS, Inc.



Audio Precision 5750 SW Arctic Drive Beaverton, Oregon 97005 503-627-0832 800-231-7350 ap.com

### Documentation and Support

This booklet contains safety information, installation instructions and full specifications for the Audio Precision APx52x and 58x families of audio analyzers.

### The APx500 User's Manual

Detailed information on the operation of the APx52x and 58x families of analyzers is available from the embedded Help installed with the APx500 measurement software, and in the APx500 User's Manual, included with the analyzer. The user's manual is also available as a PDF on the APx500 Application Disc and on the Web at ap.com; additional copies can be ordered from Audio Precision or your local distributor.

### **Audio Test Discs**

These discs are included with your analyzer system:

- APx-DVD1 is a playable video DVD with menu-driven linear and coded audio test signals for external source use with DVD players.
- APx-CD1 is a playable audio CD with linear audio test signals for external source use with CD players.

### ap.com

Visit the Audio Precision Web site at ap.com for APx support information. APx resources are available at ap.com/downloads/apx. You can also contact our Technical Support staff at techsupport@ap.com, or by telephoning 503-627-0832 extension 4, or 800-231-7350 extension 4 (toll free in the U.S.A.).

#### 

### **Table of Contents**

fety	iii
fety	
breviations, Terms and Symbols	5
x525 family analog I/O specifications	. 7
x582 analog I/O specifications	15
x585 family analog I/O specifications	23
O specifications	31
DIO specifications	
SIO specifications	
DMI+ARC specifications	53
Jetooth specifications	
M specifications	
IC specifications	67
eneral and Environmental specifications	. 71

### Safety

### **Safety Information**

Do NOT service or repair this equipment unless properly qualified. Servicing should be performed only by a qualified technician or an authorized Audio Precision distributor.

Do NOT defeat the safety ground connection. This equipment is designed to operate only with an approved threeconductor power cord and safety grounding. Loss of the protective grounding connection can result in electrical shock hazard from the accessible conductive surfaces of this equipment.

Do NOT exceed mains voltage ratings. This equipment is designed to operate only from a 50–60 Hz ac mains power source at 100–240 Vac nominal voltage. The mains supply voltage is not to exceed  $\pm 10$  % of nominal (90–264 Vac).

For continued fire hazard protection, fuses should be replaced ONLY with the exact value and type indicated on the rear panel of the instrument and discussed on page 4 of this manual.

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC 1010-1) requires that measuring circuit terminals used for voltage or current measurement be marked to indicate their Measurement Category. The Measurement Category is based on the amplitude of transient or impulse voltage that can be expected from the AC power distribution network. This product is classified as Measurement Category I, abbreviated "CAT I" on the instrument front panel. This product should not be used within Categories II, III, or IV. The 2-channel input module measurement terminals are rated for a maximum voltage of 230 Vpk to ground, and a signal input of 160 Vrms unbalanced, 300 Vrms balanced; the 8-channel input module measurement terminals are rated for a maximum input of 160 Vpk to ground, and a signal input of 115 Vrms, balanced or unbalanced. These terminals are intended to be used for the measurement of audio signals only.

Do NOT substitute parts or make any modifications without the written approval of Audio Precision. Doing so may create safety hazards. Using this product in a manner not specified by Audio Precision can result in a safety hazard.

This product is for indoor use—Installation Category II, Measurement Category I, pollution degree 2.

### Safety Symbols

The following symbols may be marked on the panels or covers of equipment or modules, and are used in this manual:



WARNING!—This symbol alerts you to a potentially hazardous condition, such as the presence of dangerous voltage that could pose a risk of electrical shock. Refer to the accompanying Warning Label or Tag, and exercise extreme caution.



ATTENTION!—This symbol alerts you to important operating considerations or a potential operating condition that could damage equipment. If you see this marked on equipment, refer to the Operator's Manual or User's Manual for precautionary instructions.

FUNCTIONAL EARTH TERMINAL—A terminal marked with this symbol is electrically connected to a reference point of a measuring circuit or output and is intended to be earthed for any functional purpose other than safety.

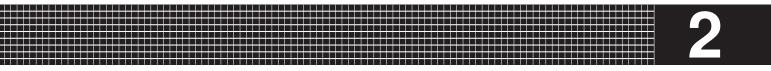


PROTECTIVE EARTH TERMINAL—A terminal marked with this symbol is bonded to conductive parts of the instrument and is intended to be connected to an external protective earthing system.

### Disclaimer

Audio Precision cautions against using their products in a manner not specified by the manufacturer. To do otherwise may void any warranties, damage equipment, or pose a safety risk to personnel.

Auclio	Welcome to the Audio Precision APx500 Setup Wizard (c) Audio Precision Inc. All rights reserved. This wizard will guide you through the installation of Audio Precision APx500.
	Next > Cancel



### Installation

### Software

All APx systems use the same award-winning measurement software, APx500.

#### PC system requirements

The APx500 measurement software version 4.0 and later requires a personal computer (PC) with the following features and capabilities:

- Operating system: Microsoft Windows 8, Windows 7 or Windows Vista.
- A multi-core processor (at least dual-core) running at a clock speed of at least 2 GHz. Most current processors from Intel and AMD meet these requirements.

Note: the Intel Atom processor does not meet our minimum specification.

- At least 2 GB of RAM.
- At least 300 MB of free hard disk space.
- A CD-ROM optical disc drive.
- A USB 2.0 port; two are required for optional switcher or DCX-127 use.
- A color monitor and a video card with at least VGA capabilities. Video resolution of 1024 x 768 or greater is recommended.

System performance is sensitive to processor speed; faster processors will yield faster results.

APx500 is data intensive and it is recommended that other data-intensive applications not be run concurrently. This includes Audio Precision's AP2700, APWIN or ATS.

#### Installation

To install the measurement software, insert the APx500 CD-ROM into the optical drive on the PC and follow the instructions in the installation dialog.

NOTE: You must have local administrator rights to install APx500 software. Go to User Accounts in the Windows Control Panel, or check with your network administrator.

## Running the software without instrument hard-ware attached

You can launch the APx500 software without instrument hardware attached. When no hardware is detected, APx500 will present you with the following dialog box:

🙆 Wait	ing for Hardware		×
<u> </u>		cted. Check that the i wered on. Select Dem	
	Instrument Type:	APx555 👻	Demo Mode
			Cancel

Select "Demo Mode." APx500 will run in demo mode, which allows you to explore the user interface but does not enable any measurement functions. Input data shown in Demo Mode is false data, generated for display only.

From the Instrument Type menu, select an instrument to be emulated in Demo Mode.

## Running the software with instrument hardware attached

NOTE: You must have standard user rights or administrator rights to operate APx500 software. Guest users are not supported.

#### Connecting the instrument to your PC

Before connecting your APx instrument to your PC, install the APx500 measurement software as described above. Connecting the instrument prior to software installation may cause Windows to select an incorrect USB driver for the instrument.

#### USB driver selection

The measurement software communicates with the instrument using a USB 2.0 interconnection. Once the software is successfully installed, connect one end of the USB cable to a USB 2.0 port on the PC, and the other end to the PC INTERFACE port on the rear of the instrument. We strongly recommend that you use the USB cable included with your instrument (AP order number CAB-APSI). We have tested other USB cables that perform poorly.

Note: Some PCs have optional USB ports on the front of the PC, or on extension brackets on the rear. In many cases these convenience ports have compromised performance due to the extra cable length within the PC. We recommend using USB ports directly connected to the PC motherboard, typically at the rear of the PC.

Connect the instrument mains power cord to the instrument and to a source of ac mains power. See **Setting up the hardware** below for more information about mains connections. Turn the instrument ON by pressing the pushbutton on the front of the instrument. Microsoft Windows will detect the presence of the instrument on the USB and will open the Hardware Update Wizard to search for the correct software driver. Select "Install the software automatically." Windows will find the Audio Precision driver software installed with APx500 and connect to the instrument.

Launch APx500 by double-clicking on the installed shortcut. With the instrument connected, you may be asked to update the instrument firmware during the first launch of the measurement software. APx500 will start, and in a short time you will be presented with the opening screen. Refer to the APx500 User's Manual for more information about making measurements.

A copy of the APx500 User's Manual is included with your instrument. The manual is also available as a PDF on the APx500 Application Disc and online at ap.com.

### Setting up the hardware

### Connecting your instrument to the electrical mains supply

The APx500 series instrument must be connected to a 50– 60 Hz alternating current (ac) electrical mains supply. The minimum voltage is 90 Vac; maximum voltage is 264 Vac. The instrument is fitted with a universal power supply that does not require voltage configuration or change of fuse type to accept mains voltages within the specified range.

#### Removing and installing mains fuses

To remove the mains fuse carrier module, refer to the figures below and proceed as follows:



**Power entry module Fuse carrier removal** Remove the mains power supply cord from the connector on the power entry module, located on the instrument rear panel. The mains fuse carrier module is part of the power entry module, to the right of the power cord connector.

Insert a small screwdriver into the power cord connector area, reaching into the slot on the mains fuse carrier module. Pry the module out slightly, until you can grasp the module firmly with your fingers. Pull the fuse carrier module out of the power entry module. The two mains fuses are loosely mounted within the fuse carrier module; take care not to let them fall.

Replace the fuses if necessary, using fuses as described below. Carefully reinsert the fuse carrier module into the power entry module, and press it firmly into place.

Connect the power cord from a mains power outlet to the power cord connector on the instrument rear panel.

#### **Fuse Information**

APx500 series instruments are fitted with a universal power supply. For all rated voltages, use two mains fuses of type 2A T/SB (5 x20 mm) 250 V.

### **Abbreviations, Terms and Symbols**

#### used in the following specifications

ADC or A/DAnalog to Digital converter or conversion.
BWBandwidth or Measurement Bandwidth, nominally at -3 dB; a single number indicates only the upper limit.
DAC or D/A Digital to Analog converter or conversion.
DSP Digital Signal Processing or Digital Signal Processor.
DUTDevice Under Test, the device to which the generator or analyzer is connected.
EMCElectro-Magnetic Compatibility, usually refers to both emissions (radiated and conducted via AC mains) and susceptibility.
ENBW Equivalent Noise Bandwidth, the frequency of an ideal filter having the same rms response to white noise.
FFT
IMD Inter-Modulation Distortion, a measure of non-linearity using a test signal with two or more components.
RMS or rms
SR
THD
THD+N
Typical or Typ A characteristic that is not guaranteed, usually due to a practical limitation in testing or metrology.
UIUnit Interval, a measure of time is it applies to digital audio formats.
$1 \text{ UI} = 1/(128 \cdot \text{SR})$
[] Indicates a specification in an equivalent unit, for example: 0.030 dB [0.35%] or 10.61 Vrms [30.00 Vpp].
$\approx$

### Analog I/O specifications APx525 family of audio analyzers

with APx500 v3.4 or higher measurement software October 2013 NP0020.00010 r010



This illustration shows an APx525 in its standard configuration, with a DIO module installed.

These specifications cover the analog input and output functions of the Audio Precision APx525 and APx526 analyzers, as well as Audio Precision analyzers branded APx520 and APx521.

The APx525 has 2 analog output channels and 2 analog input channels. The APx526 has 2 analog output channels and 4 analog input channels.

The performance of AG52 analog generator option and the BW52 analog analyzer option are also specified in this section.

Specifications for the DIO interface and other available interface modules including DSIO, HDMI, PDM and Bluetooth, are found in other sections of this document, as are General and Environmental specifications for the entire APx family. The AG52 analog generator option and the BW52 analog analyzer option are discussed in this section.

Analog specifications begin on the next page.

NALOG GENERATOR		
Number of Channels	2, independent amplitude control	
Waveforms	Sine, sine split frequency, sine split phase, sine+DC offset, continuously swept-sine, square-wave, noise, IMD signals, multi-tone, wave file playback	Option AG52 required for square waves and DIM test signals
Sine Characteristics		
Frequency Range (Fs)	0.1 Hz to 80.1 kHz	Setting resolution is typically 45 µHz
Frequency Accuracy	±(0.0002% + 100 µHz)	
Amplitude Range	0 to 21.21 Vrms [60.0 Vpp], bal; 0 to 10.61 Vrms [30.0 Vpp], unbal & CMT	Option AG52 increases max output to 26.66 Vrms bal, 13.33 Vrms unbal
Amplitude Accuracy, 1 kHz		
+15C to +30C	±0.03 dB [±0.35%]	
0C to +45C	±0.05 dB [±0.58%]	
Flatness (1 kHz ref)		
Fs = 5 Hz to 20 kHz	±0.008 dB	Typically <0.003 dB
Fs = 20 kHz to 50 kHz	±0.030 dB	
Fs = 50 kHz to 80 kHz	±0.10 dB	
Residual THD+N <sup>1,2</sup>		
Fs = 20 Hz–20 kHz	$ \begin{array}{l} \leq (-105 \text{ dB} + 1.3 \ \mu\text{V}), \ 20 \ \text{kHz BW}; \\ \leq (-100 \ \text{dB} + 1.8 \ \mu\text{V}), \ 40 \ \text{kHz BW}; \\ \leq (-92 \ \text{dB} + 2.6 \ \mu\text{V}), \ 80 \ \text{kHz BW}; \\ \leq (-85 \ \text{dB} + 6 \ \mu\text{V}), \ 250 \ \text{kHz BW}; \\ \leq (-82 \ \text{dB} + 9 \ \mu\text{V}), \ 500 \ \text{kHz BW}; \end{array} $	Typically <–110 dB at 1 kHz, 2.5 V with option AG52; typically <–108 dB in stan dard units
Non-Harmonic Content		Typically <–110 dB when Fs $\leq$ 75 kHz, increasing to $\approx$ –55 dB at Fs =80 kHz
Phase offset range (split phase).	-179.999 to +180.000 deg	
DC Offset Range	±12.00 Vdc balanced; ±6.00 Vdc unbalanced	DC offset limits maximum ac signal
Residual DC Offset	≤0.25% of Vrms setting [≤0.09% of Vpp setting] + 100 µV	

Square Characteristics (r	equires option AG52)	
Frequency Range (Fq)	10.0 Hz to 20.1 kHz	Same accuracy as sine wave
Amplitude Range	0 to 60.0 Vpp, balanced; 0 to 30.0 Vpp, unbalanced	
Amplitude Accuracy	±0.10 dB [±1.2%]	
Risetime	≤2.0 µsec	Typically <1.7 $\mu$ sec when Rs ≤200 $\Omega$
Even Harmonic Content		
Fq = 10 Hz to 5 kHz	≤–100 dB to at least 80 kHz	
Fq = 5 kHz to 20 kHz	<-90 dB to at least 80 kHz	
Non-Harmonic Content		Typically <–110 dB
Noise Characteristics		
Shape	White (<5 Hz to >80 kHz), Pink (<10 Hz to >80 kHz), IEC 60268-1 or BS EN 50332-1	
Amplitude Range	0 to 60.0 Vpp, balanced; 0 to 30.0 Vpp, unbalanced	Amplitude calibration is approximate
IMD Test Signals		
SMPTE & MOD		
LF Tone Range	40 Hz to 1 kHz	
HF Tone Range	2 kHz to 20 kHz	HF tone must be $\geq 6 \bullet LF$ tone.
Mix Ratio (LF:HF)	10:1, 4:1 or 1:1	
Amplitude Range	0 to 60.0 Vpp, balanced; 0 to 30.0 Vpp, unbalanced.	Option AG52 increases maximum to 75.4 Vpp bal, 37.7 Vpp unbal.
Amplitude Accuracy	±0.06 dB [±0.70%]	
Residual IMD <sup>1,2,3</sup>	≤ –95 dB [0.0018%], 4:1 mix ratio	
DFD		
Tone Pair Mean Range	2.5 kHz to 20 kHz	$F_{mean} = (F1 + F2)/2.$
Tone Pair Difference Range	80 Hz to 2.0 kHz	$F_{diff} =  F2 - F1 $ $F_{mean} must be \ge 6 \cdot F_{diff}.$
Amplitude Range	0 to 60.0 Vpp, balanced; 0 to 30.0 Vpp, unbalanced.	Option AG52 increases maximum to 75.4 Vpp bal, 37.7 Vpp unbal.
Amplitude Accuracy	±0.06 dB [±0.70%]	
Residual IMD <sup>1,2,3</sup>	≤ –106 dB [0.0005%]	

DIM (requires option AG52)		
Square / Sine Frequencies	3.15 kHz / 15.0 kHz, 2.96 kHz / 14.0 kHz, or 2.96 kHz / 8.0 kHz.	"DIM100" or "DIM30" "DIM-B" "DIM-B8"
Mix Ratio	4:1, square to sine, peak-peak	
Amplitude Range	<60 μV to 75.4 Vpp, balanced;<30 μV to 37.7 Vpp, unbalanced.	
Amplitude Accuracy	±0.10 dB [±1.2%]	
Residual IMD <sup>1,2,3</sup>	≤ –95 dB [0.0018%]	
Multitone, Wave File Playb	ack	
Sample Rate Range (SR)	8 kS/s to 108 kS/s, and 175 kS/s to 192 kS/s	Operation from 109 kS/s to 175 kS/s is possible, but with degraded flatness
Maximum File Size	32M Sample	
Amplitude Range	0 to 45.2 Vpp, balanced; 0 to 22.6 Vpp, unbalanced.	".Wav" file must peak at digital full scale to obtain selected amplitude.
Flatness (1 kHz ref)		
SR = 175 kS/s to 192 kS/sec		Typically <0.012 dB to 20 kHz
SR = 8 kS/s to 108 kS/sec		Typically <0.04 dB to 20 kHz; max frequency limited to ≈0.45*SR
Spurious Content		Typically <–110 dB
Output Equalization	Arbitrary 30-pole output filter, scaled so the maximum gain is –1 dB.	Filter cannot be applied to AG52 special waveforms square and DIM.
Source Resistance (Rs)		
Balanced	Selectable 40 $\Omega \pm 1.5\%$ , 100 $\Omega \pm 1\%$ , 150 $\Omega \pm 1\%$ , 200 $\Omega \pm 1\%$ , or 600 $\Omega \pm 1\%$ .	Grounded, symmetrical
Unbalanced	Selectable 20 $\Omega \pm 2\%$ , 50 $\Omega \pm 1.5\%$ , 75 $\Omega \pm 1.2\%$ , 100 $\Omega \pm 1\%$ , or 600 $\Omega \pm 1\%$ .	Electronically floating, 0.3 Vpk max; bnc shield to ground ≈10-17Ω    22nF
Common Mode Test	Same as Balanced selections, or 10 $\Omega$ Unbalanced per IEC-60268.	
Max Output Current		Typically >80 mA peak, 50 mA dc
Reverse Overload Protecti	on	Up to 1A or 30 W, whichever is less

### Specifications

Output Related Crosstalk <sup>1</sup>	$\leq$ (–130 dB + 0.3 $\mu$ V) to 20 kHz	
NALOG ANALYZER	1	
Number of Channels		
APx525 (and APx520)	2, independently auto-ranging.	With option BW52: only Channel 1 is active if input BW setting = 1 MHz
APx526 (and APx521)	4, independently auto-ranging.	With option BW52: only Channel 1 is active if input BW setting = 1 MHz, and only Channels 1 and 2 are active if BW setting = 250 kHz or 500 kHz
Maximum Rated Input	230 Vpk, 160 Vdc, any input to ground; 0.5 Vpk for unbalanced bnc shields	
Input Impedance	-	
Balanced	100 kΩ ∥ ≈220 pF, each side to ground	
Unbalanced	100 k $\Omega \parallel \approx 220 \text{ pF}$ to bnc shield	Electronically floating, 0.5 Vpk max; bnc shield to ground ≈500Ω    22nF
Input Terminations	Selectable 600 $\Omega$ ±1% (1.5 W max), or 300 $\Omega$ ±1% (3 W max).	Terminations automatically open in the 100 V and 300 V ranges.
Input Coupling	Selectable DC or AC	Typically <0.5 μA bias current with DC coupling, typically <0.03 dB roll-off at 20 Hz with AC coupling
Input Ranges	320 mV to 300 V, 10 dB steps	Maximum ac signal is ≈160 Vac unbal, 300 Vac bal, in the 300V range
Common Mode Rejection <sup>4</sup>		Max common mode signal range:
320 mV, 1 V, 3.2 V ranges	$\geq$ 80 dB, 5 Hz to 5 kHz; $\geq$ 72 dB, 5 kHz to 20 kHz	±6 Vpk
10 V range	$\geq$ 50 dB, 5 Hz to 20 kHz	±16 Vpk
32 V range	$\geq$ 50 dB, 5 Hz to 20 kHz	±60 Vpk
100 V and 300 V ranges	$\geq$ 45 dB, 5 Hz to 20 kHz	±230 Vpk
Input Related Crosstalk	$\leq$ (–140 dB + 0.1 $\mu$ V) to 20 kHz	$R_{\rm s} \le 600 \ \Omega$

L	evel (Amplitude) Measure	ment	
	Range		
	Balanced or bridging input	< 1 µV to 300 Vrms	
	Unbalanced input	< 1 µV to 160 Vrms	
	Accuracy (1 kHz)		
	+15C to +30C	±0.03 dB [±0.35%]	
	0C to +45C	±0.05 dB [±0.58%]	
	Flatness (1 kHz ref, DC coupling)	•	
	10 Hz to 20 kHz	±0.008 dB	Typically < 0.003 dB
	20 kHz to 50 kHz	±0.030 dB	
	50 kHz to 80 kHz	±0.10 dB	
	80 kHz to 250 kHz (requires	±0.20 dB	Roll-off is typically <-3 dB at the
	option BW52)		selected input BW setting, 1 MHz max
R	esidual Noise (inputs sho		
	20–20 kHz BW <sup>5</sup>	≤ 1.3 μVrms	Typically <8.0 nV / $\sqrt{Hz}$ at 1 kHz.
	20–500 kHz, with option BW52	≤ 8.0 μVrms	
Т	HD+N Measurement	1	
	Fundamental Range	5 Hz to 50 kHz	
	Measurement Range	0 to 100%	
	Accuracy	±0.5 dB	Q=2.6 typically
	Residual THD+N <sup>1,2</sup>		
	20 Hz–20 kHz fundamentals	$ \leq (-105 \text{ dB} + 1.3 \ \mu\text{V}, 20 \text{ kHz BW}); \\ \leq (-100 \text{ dB} + 1.8 \ \mu\text{V}, 40 \text{ kHz BW}); \\ \leq (-92 \text{ dB} + 2.6 \ \mu\text{V}, 80 \text{ kHz BW}); \\ \leq (-85 \text{ dB} + 6 \ \mu\text{V}), 250 \text{ kHz BW}; \\ \leq (-82 \text{ dB} + 9 \ \mu\text{V}), 500 \text{ kHz BW} $	Typically <–110 dB at 1 kHz, 2.5 V with option AG52; typically <–108 dB in stan- dard units.

Level & THD+N Response		
High-Pass	5 Hz to 500 Hz, or None	1 Hz steps
Low-Pass <sup>5</sup>	1 kHz to the selected BW setting, or None	100 Hz steps, filter set 1 kHz to 100 kHz, 1 kHz steps filter set above 100 kHz; very sharp roll-off characteristic exceeds AES-17.
Weighting	A-wt, B-wt, C-wt, CCIR-1k, CCIR-2k, CCITT, C-message, 50 μs or 75 μs de-emph (with and without A-wt), or None	Weighting filter is cascaded with the high-pass and low-pass bandwidth limit- ing filters
IMD Measurement		
Test Signal Compatibility		
SMPTE & MOD	Any combination of 40 Hz–1 kHz (LF) and 2 kHz–20 kHz (HF), mixed in any ratio from 1:1 to 10:1 (LF:HF)	HF tone must be $\geq$ 6 • LF tone
DFD	Any two-tone combination with mean frequency of 2.5 kHz–50 kHz and a difference frequency of 80 Hz–2.0 kHz	$\begin{array}{l} F_{mean} = (F1 + F2)/2.\\ F_{diff} =  F2 - F1 \\ F_{mean} \ must \ be \geq 6 \bullet F_{diff} \end{array}$
DIM	DIM100, DIM30, DIM-B, or DIM-B8	
IMD Measured		
SMPTE	Amplitude modulation of HF tone	Measurement BW is typ. 40–500 Hz
MOD	d2, d3, d2+d3, or d2+d3+d4+d5	Use "d2+d3" for measurements per IEC60268
DFD	d2, d3, d2+d3, or d2+d3+d4+d5	Use "d2+d3" for measurements per IEC60268
DIM	u1 to u9 per IEC-60286	
Measurement Range	0 to 20%	
Accuracy	±0.5 dB	
Residual IMD <sup>1,2,3</sup>		
SMPTE & MOD	≤ –95 dB [0.0018%], 4:1 mix ratio	
DFD	≤ –106 dB [0.0005%]	
DIM	≤ –95 dB [0.0018%]	

F	Frequency Measuremen	t		
	Range	<5 Hz to 90 kHz, standard; <5 Hz to 1 MHz with option BW52.		
	Accuracy	±(0.0002% + 100 µHz)	$V_{in}$ must be $\geq$ 5 mV.	
	Resolution	6 digits		
F	Phase Measurement			
	Ranges	–90 to +270, ±180, or 0 to 360 deg		
	Accuracy	±0.2 deg, 5 Hz to 5 kHz; ±0.8 deg, 5 kHz to 20 kHz; ±2.0 deg, 20 kHz to 50 kHz	V <sub>in</sub> must be ≥ 5 mV with DC coupling, both channels. Accuracy degrades below 50 Hz with AC coupling.	
	Resolution	0.001 deg		
[	DC Voltage Measuremen	t	Valid only for input bandwidths ≤90k	
	Input Ranges	0.32V to 300V, 10 dB steps	±160 Vdc maximum in 300V range	
	Accuracy		ŭ	
	0.32 V range	±(0.7% reading + 800 μV)		
	1 V–300 V ranges	±(0.7% reading + 0.1% range)		
	Normal Mode Rejection		Typically > 90 dB, 20 Hz to 20 kHz.	
NC	TES to SPECIFICATION	IS:		
1	System specification including contributions from both generator and analyzer. Generator-only and/or analyzer- only contributions are typically less.			
2				
3	B Input must be ≥150 mV for spe and "U1U9" for DIM per IEC-	Input must be ≥150 mV for specified performance. Analyzer must be set to measure "d2+d3" for MOD and DFD, and "U1U9" for DIM per IEC-60268.		
4	Valid for the balanced input configuration with DC coupling only. With AC coupling, specified performance is invalid below 50 Hz.			
5	Maximum low-pass filter freque	ncy is limited by analyzer input bandwidth	n setting.	

### Analog I/O specifications APx582 audio analyzer

with APx500 v3.4 or higher measurement software October 2013 NP0020.00019 r001



This illustration shows an APx582 in its standard configuration, with a DIO module installed.

These specifications cover the analog input and output functions of the Audio Precision APx582 audio analyzer. The APx582 has 2 analog output channels and 8 analog input channels. The APx582 is fitted with the AG52 analog generator option as a standard feature. The performance of the AG52 when fitted in an APx582 is also specified in this section.

Specifications for the DIO interface and other available interface modules including DSIO, HDMI, PDM and Bluetooth, are found in other sections of this document, as are General and Environmental specifications for the entire APx family.

Analog specifications begin on the next page.

ANALOG GENERATOR		
Number of Channels	2, independent amplitude control	
Waveforms	Sine, sine split frequency, sine split phase, sine+DC offset, continuously swept-sine, square-wave, noise, IMD signals, multi-tone, wave file playback	
Sine Characteristics		
Frequency Range (Fs)	0.1 Hz to 80.1 kHz	Setting resolution is typically 45 µHz
Frequency Accuracy	±(0.0003% + 100 µHz)	
Amplitude Range	0 to 21.21 Vrms [60.0 Vpp], bal; 0 to 10.61 Vrms [30.0 Vpp], unbal & CMT	
Amplitude Accuracy, 1 kHz		
+15C to +30C	±0.03 dB [±0.35%]	
0C to +45C	±0.05 dB [±0.58%]	
Flatness (1 kHz ref)		
Fs = 5 Hz to 20 kHz	±0.008 dB	Typically <0.003 dB
Fs = 20 kHz to 50 kHz	±0.030 dB	
Fs = 50 kHz to 80 kHz	±0.10 dB	
Residual THD+N <sup>1,2</sup>		
Fs = 20 Hz–20 kHz	≤ (−103 dB + 1.3 μV), 20 kHz BW; ≤ (−95 dB + 2.5 μV), 80 kHz BW	Typically <–108 dB at 1 kHz, 2.5 V
Non-Harmonic Content		Typically <–110 dB when Fs $\leq$ 75 kHz, increasing to $\approx$ –55 dB at Fs =80 kHz
Phase offset range (split phase).	-179.999 to +180.000 deg	
DC Offset Range	±12.00 Vdc balanced; ±6.00 Vdc unbalanced	DC offset limits maximum ac signal
Residual DC Offset	≤0.25% of Vrms setting [≤0.09% of Vpp setting] + 100 µV	

### Specifications

Square Characteristics		
Frequency Range (Fq)	10.0 Hz to 20.1 kHz	Same accuracy as sine wave
Amplitude Range	0 to 60.0 Vpp, balanced; 0 to 30.0 Vpp, unbalanced	
Amplitude Accuracy	±0.10 dB [±1.2%]	
Risetime	≤2.0 µsec	Typically <1.7 µsec when Rs ≤200 Ω
Even Harmonic Content		
Fq = 10 Hz to 5 kHz	≤–100 dB to at least 80 kHz	
Fq = 5 kHz to 20 kHz	<-90 dB to at least 80 kHz	
Non-Harmonic Content		Typically <–110 dB
Noise Characteristics		
Shape	White (<5 Hz to >80 kHz), Pink (<10 Hz to >80 kHz), IEC 60268-1 or BS EN 50332-1	
Amplitude Range	0 to 60.0 Vpp, balanced; 0 to 30.0 Vpp, unbalanced	Amplitude calibration is approximate
IMD Test Signals		
SMPTE & MOD		
LF Tone Range	40 Hz to 1 kHz	
HF Tone Range	2 kHz to 20 kHz	HF tone must be $\geq 6 \cdot LF$ tone.
Mix Ratio (LF:HF)	10:1, 4:1 or 1:1	4:1 maximum with SMPTE signal
Amplitude Range	0 to 60.0 Vpp, balanced; 0 to 30.0 Vpp, unbalanced.	
Amplitude Accuracy	±0.06 dB [±0.70%]	
Residual IMD <sup>1,2,3</sup>	≤ –95 dB [0.0018%], 4:1 mix ratio	
DFD		
Tone Pair Mean Range	2.5 kHz to 20 kHz	F <sub>mean</sub> = (F1 + F2)/2.
Tone Pair Difference Range	80 Hz to 2.0 kHz	$F_{diff}$ =  F2 - F1  $F_{mean}$ must be ≥6 • $F_{diff}$ .
Amplitude Range	0 to 60.0 Vpp, balanced; 0 to 30.0 Vpp, unbalanced.	
Amplitude Accuracy	±0.06 dB [±0.70%]	
Residual IMD <sup>1,2,3</sup>	≤ –95 dB [0.0018%]	

Square / Sine Frequencies	3.15 kHz / 15.0 kHz,	"DIM100" or "DIM30"
	2.96 kHz / 14.0 kHz, or	"DIM-B"
	2.96 kHz / 8.0 kHz.	"DIM-B8"
Mix Ratio	4:1, square to sine, peak-peak	
Amplitude Range	<60 µV to 75.4 Vpp, balanced;	
	<30 µV to 37.7 Vpp, unbalanced.	
Amplitude Accuracy	±0.10 dB [±1.2%]	
Residual IMD <sup>1,2,3</sup>	≤ –95 dB [0.0018%]	
Multitone, Wave File Playb	ack	
Sample Rate Range (SR)	8 kS/s to 108 kS/s, and	Operation from 109 kS/s to 175 kS/s is
	175 kS/s to 192 kS/s	possible, but with degraded flatness
Maximum File Size	32M Sample	
Amplitude Range	0 to 45.2 Vpp, balanced;	".Wav" file must peak at digital full scale
	0 to 22.6 Vpp, unbalanced.	to obtain selected amplitude.
Flatness (1 kHz ref)		,
SR = 175 kS/s to 192 kS/sec		Typically <0.012 dB to 20 kHz
SR = 8 kS/s to 108 kS/sec		Typically <0.04 dB to 20 kHz;
		max frequency limited to ≈0.45*SR
Spurious Content		Typically <–110 dB
Output Equalization	Arbitrary 30-pole output filter, scaled	Filter cannot be applied to AG52 special
	so the maximum gain is -1 dB.	waveforms square and DIM.
Source Resistance (Rs)		
		One of a deal and a second state of
Balanced	Selectable 40 $\Omega \pm 1.5\%$ , 100 $\Omega \pm 1\%$ ,	Grounded, symmetrical
	150 $\Omega$ ±1%, 200 $\Omega$ ±1%, or	
	600 Ω ±1%.	
Unbalanced	Selectable 20 $\Omega$ ±2%, 50 $\Omega$ ±1.5%,	Electronically floating, 0.3 Vpk max;
	75 $\Omega$ ±1.2%, 100 $\Omega$ ±1%, or	bnc shield to ground ≈10-17Ω    22nF
	600 Ω ±1%.	
Common Mode Test	Same as Balanced selections, or	
	10 Ω Unbalanced per IEC-60268.	
Max Output Current		Typically >80 mA peak, 50 mA dc
		Up to 1A or 30 W. whichever is less
Reverse Overload Protecti	on	up to TA of 50 vv, whichever is less

### Specifications

Output Related Crosstalk <sup>1</sup>		Typically <120 dB to 20 kHz
ANALOG ANALYZER		
Number of Channels	8, independently auto-ranging	Max ADC sample rate = 192 kS/s
Maximum Rated Input	160 Vpk, 120 Vdc any input to ground; 0.5 Vpk bnc shields to ground	
Input Impedance		
Balanced	100 kΩ ∥ ≈230 pF, each side to ground	
Unbalanced	100 kΩ ∥ ≈230 pF to bnc shield	Electronically floating, 0.5 Vpk max; bnc shield to ground ≈500Ω    22nF
Input Coupling	DC	Typically <0.5 $\mu$ A bias current
Input Ranges	320 mV to 100 V, 10 dB steps	Maximum ac signal ≈115 Vac, unbal or bal, in the 100 V range
Common Mode Rejection <sup>4</sup>	 	Max common mode signal range:
320 mV, 1 V, 3.2 V ranges	$\geq$ 70 dB, 5 kHz to 20 kHz	±6 Vpk
10 V range	$\geq$ 50 dB, 5 Hz to 20 kHz	±16 Vpk
32 V range	$\geq$ 50 dB, 5 Hz to 20 kHz	±60 Vpk
100 V range	$\geq$ 45 dB, 5 Hz to 20 kHz	±160 Vpk
Input Related Crosstalk		Typically <100 dB to 20 kHz between any two channels
Level (Amplitude) Measurement		
Range	< 1 µV to 115 Vrms	
Accuracy (1 kHz)		
+15C to +30C	±0.03 dB [±0.35%]	
0C to +45C	±0.05 dB [±0.58%]	
Flatness (1 kHz ref, DC coupling)	• •	
10 Hz to 20 kHz	±0.008 dB	Typically < 0.003 dB
20 kHz to 50 kHz	±0.030 dB	
50 kHz to 80 kHz	±0.10 dB	

Characteristic	Specifications	Supplemental Information
Residual Noise (inputs shorted)	≤ 1.3 μVrms, 20 kHz BW	Typically <8.0 nV / √Hz at 1 kHz
THD+N Measurement		
Fundamental Range	5 Hz to 50 kHz	
Measurement Range	0 to 100%	
Accuracy	±0.5 dB	
Residual THD+N <sup>1,2</sup>		
20 Hz–20 kHz fundamentals	$\leq$ (–103 dB + 1.3 µV, 20 kHz BW); $\leq$ (–95 dB + 2.5 µV, 80 kHz BW)	Typically <-108 dB at 1 kHz, 2.5V
Level & THD+N Response		
High-Pass	5 Hz to 500 Hz, or None	1 Hz steps
Low-Pass <sup>5</sup>	1 kHz to the selected BW setting, or None	100 Hz steps, filter set 1 kHz to 100 kHz, 1 kHz steps filter set above 100 kHz; very sharp roll-off characteristic exceeds AES-17.
Weighting	A-wt, B-wt, C-wt, CCIR-1k, CCIR-2k, CCITT, C-message, 50 µs or 75 µs de-emph (with and without A-wt), or None	Weighting filter is cascaded with the high-pass and low-pass bandwidth limit- ing filters
IMD Measurement		
Test Signal Compatibility		
SMPTE & MOD	Any combination of 40 Hz–1 kHz (LF) and 2 kHz–20 kHz (HF), mixed in any ratio from 1:1 to 10:1 (LF:HF)	HF tone must be $\geq$ 6 • LF tone
DFD	Any two-tone combination with mean frequency of 2.5 kHz–50 kHz and a difference frequency of 80 Hz–2.0 kHz	$\begin{array}{l} F_{mean} = (F1 + F2)/2.\\ F_{diff} =  F2 - F1 \\ F_{mean} \ must \ be \geq 6 \bullet F_{diff} \end{array}$
DIM	DIM100, DIM30, DIM-B, or DIM-B8	
IMD Measured		
SMPTE	Amplitude modulation of HF tone	Measurement BW is typ. 40–500 Hz
MOD	d2, d3, d2+d3, or d2+d3+d4+d5	Use "d2+d3" for measurements per IEC60268
DFD	d2, d3, d2+d3, or d2+d3+d4+d5	Use "d2+d3" for measurements per IEC60268

### Specifications

	u1 to u9 per IEC-60286		
Measurement Range	0 to 20%		
Accuracy	±0.5 dB		
Residual IMD <sup>1,2,3</sup>			
SMPTE & MOD	≤ –95 dB [0.0018%], 4:1 mix ratio		
DFD	≤ –106 dB [0.0005%]		
DIM	≤ –95 dB [0.0018%]		
Frequency Measurement			
Range	<5 Hz to 90 kHz		
Accuracy	±(0.0003% + 100 μHz)	$V_{in}$ must be $\geq 5 \text{ mV}$	
Resolution	6 digits		
Phase Measurement			
Ranges	-90 to +270, ±180, or 0 to 360 deg		
Accuracy	±0.25 deg, 5 Hz to 5 kHz; ±1.0 deg, 5 kHz to 20 kHz; ±2.5 deg, 20 kHz to 50 kHz	Vin must be ≥5 mV, all channels	
Resolution	0.001 deg		
DC Voltage Measurement		Valid only for input bandwidths ≤90k	
Input Ranges	0.32 V to 100 V, 10 dB steps	±120 Vdc maximum in 100 V range	
Accuracy	· · ·		
0.32 V range	±(0.7% reading + 800 μV)		
1 V–100 V ranges	±(0.7% reading + 0.1% range)		
Normal Mode Rejection		Typically > 90 dB, 20 Hz to 20 kHz.	
NOTES to SPECIFICATIONS:			
contributions are typically less.			
must be off or set to ≤10 mV.			
3 Input must be ≥150 mV for specifi and "U1U9" for DIM per IEC-60	3 Input must be ≥150 mV for specified performance. Analyzer must be set to measure "d2+d3" for MOD and DFD, and "U1U9" for DIM per IEC-60268.		

	Valid for the balanced input configuration with DC coupling only. With AC coupling, specified performance is invalid below 50 Hz.
5 Maximum low-pass filter frequency is limited by analyzer input bandwidth setting.	

### Analog I/O specifications APx585 and 586 audio analyzers

with APx500 v3.4 or higher measurement software October 2013 NP0020.00008 r008



This illustration shows an APx585 in its standard configuration, with a DIO module installed.

These specifications cover the analog input and output functions of the Audio Precision APx585 and APx586 audio analyzers. The APx585 has 8 analog output channels and 8 analog input channels; the APx586 has 8 analog output channels and 16 analog input channels.

Specifications for the DIO interface and other available interface modules including DSIO, HDMI, PDM and Bluetooth, are found in other sections of this document, as are General and Environmental specifications for the entire APx family.

Analog specifications begin on the next page.

ANALOG GENERATOR	
8, independent amplitude control	
Sine, sine split frequency, sine split phase, sine+DC offset, continuously swept-sine, square-wave, noise, IMD signals, multi-tone, wave file playback	
Sine Characteristics	
5 Hz to 80.1 kHz	Setting resolution is typically 45 µHz
±(0.0003 % + 100 µHz)	
0 to 14.40 Vrms [40.72 Vpp], bal; 0 to 7.20 Vrms [20.36 Vpp], unbal	
±0.03 dB [±0.35%]	
±0.05 dB [±0.58%]	+40C max with APx586
±0.008 dB	Typically <0.003 dB.
±0.030 dB	
±0.10 dB	
≤ (–103 dB + 1.4 μV)	
	Typically <-110 dB when Fs ≤75 kHz, increasing to ≈-55 dB at Fs =80 kHz
-179.999 to +180.000 deg	
±12.00 Vdc balanced; ±6.00 Vdc unbalanced	DC offset limits maximum ac signal
≤0.25% of Vrms setting [≤0.09% of Vpp setting] + 100 μV	
	Sine, sine split frequency, sine split phase, sine+DC offset, continuously swept-sine, square-wave, noise, IMD signals, multi-tone, wave file playback 5 Hz to 80.1 kHz $\pm (0.0003 \% + 100 \mu$ Hz) 0 to 14.40 Vrms [40.72 Vpp], bal; 0 to 7.20 Vrms [20.36 Vpp], unbal $\pm 0.03 dB \pm 0.35\%$ ] $\pm 0.05 dB \pm 0.35\%$ ] $\pm 0.008 dB$ $\pm 0.030 dB$ $\pm 0.030 dB$ $\pm 0.10 dB$ $\leq (-103 dB + 1.4 \mu$ V) -179.999 to +180.000 deg $\pm 12.00 Vdc balanced;\pm 6.00 Vdc unbalanced\leq 0.25\% of Vrms setting [< 0.09\% of$

# Specifications

Noise Characteristics		
Shape	White (<5 Hz to >80 kHz), Pink (<10 Hz to >80 kHz), IEC 60268-1 or BS EN 50332-1	
Amplitude Range	0 to 40.72 Vpp, balanced; 0 to 20.36 Vpp, unbalanced	Amplitude calibration is approximate
IMD Test Signals		
SMPTE & MOD		
LF Tone Range	40 Hz to 1 kHz	
HF Tone Range	2 kHz to 20 kHz	HF tone must be $\geq 6 \cdot LF$ tone.
Mix Ratio (LF:HF)	10:1, 4:1 or 1:1	4:1 maximum with SMPTE signal
Amplitude Range	0 to 40.72 Vpp, balanced; 0 to 20.36 Vpp, unbalanced	
Amplitude Accuracy	±0.06 dB [±0.70%]	
Residual IMD <sup>1,2,3</sup>	≤ 0.0025% [–92 dB], 4:1 mix ratio	
DFD		
Tone Pair Mean Range	2.5 kHz to 20 kHz	F <sub>mean</sub> = (F1 + F2)/2.
Tone Pair Difference Range	80 Hz to 2.0 kHz	$F_{diff} =  F2-F1 ;$ $F_{mean} must be \ge 6 \bullet F_{diff}.$
Amplitude Range	0 to 40.72 Vpp, balanced; 0 to 20.36 Vpp, unbalanced.	
Amplitude Accuracy	±0.06 dB [±0.70%]	
Residual IMD <sup>1,2,3</sup>	≤ 0.0010% [–100 dB]	
Multitone, Wave File Playl	back	
Sample Rate Range (SR)	8 kS/s to 108 kS/s, and 175 kS/s to 192 kS/s	Operation from 109 kS/s to 175 kS/s is possible, but with degraded flatness
Maximum File Size	32M Sample	
Amplitude Range	0 to 45.2 Vpp, balanced; 0 to 22.6 Vpp, unbalanced.	".Wav" file must peak at digital full scale to obtain selected amplitude.
Flatness (1 kHz ref)		
SR = 175 kS/s to 192 kS/sec		Typically <0.012 dB to 20 kHz
SR = 8 kS/s to 108 kS/s		Typically <0.04 dB to 20 kHz; max frequency limited to ≈0.45*SR
Spurious Content		Typically <–100 dB

Characteristic	Specifications	Supplemental Information
Output Equalization	Arbitrary 30-pole output filter, scaled so the maximum gain is –1 dB.	The EQ operates on the first two internal generator channels, and is disabled for >2 output channels.
Source Resistance (Rs)		
Balanced	100 Ω, ±1 %	Grounded, symmetrical
Unbalanced	50 Ω, ±2 %	Electronically floating, 0.3 Vpk max; bnc shield to ground ≈10-17Ω    22nF
Maximum Output Curren	t	Typically >30 mA peak, 10 mA dc; sum of all outputs ≤180 mA peak
Reverse Overload Protect	tion	Up to 30 W
Output Related Crosstall	< <sup>1</sup>	
Balanced	$\leq$ (-100 dB + 1 $\mu$ V) to 20 kHz	With AP cable PN 4150.0001.
Unbalanced	$\leq$ (–115 dB + 1 $\mu$ V) to 20 kHz	
ANALOG ANALYZER		
Number of Channels		
APx585	8, independently auto-ranging	Max ADC sample rate = 192 kS/s
APx586	16, independently auto-ranging	Max ADC sample rate = 96 kS/s when >8 channels are active; 192 kS/s if 8 or less are active
Maximum Rated Input	160 Vpk, 120 Vdc any input to ground; 0.5 Vpk bnc shields to ground	
Input Impedance	I	
Balanced	100 kΩ    ≈230 pF, each side to ground	
Unbalanced	100 kΩ ∥ ≈230 pF to bnc shield	Electronically floating, 0.5 Vpk max; bnc shield to ground ≈500Ω    22nF
Input Coupling	DC	Typically <0.5 $\mu$ A bias current
Input Ranges	320 mV to 100 V, 10 dB steps	Maximum ac signal ≈115 Vac, unbal or bal, in the 100 V rangenge

# Specifications

Common Mode Rejection <sup>4</sup>		Max common mode signal range:
320 mV, 1 V, 3.2 V ranges	$\geq$ 70 dB, 5 kHz to 20 kHz	±6 Vpk
10 V range	≥ 50 dB, 5 Hz to 20 kHz	±16 Vpk
32 V range	$\geq$ 50 dB, 5 Hz to 20 kHz	±60 Vpk
100 V range	≥ 45 dB, 5 Hz to 20 kHz	±160 Vpk
Input Related Crosstalk		Typically <100 dB to 20 kHz between any two channels
Level (Amplitude) Measure	ement	
Range	< 1 µV to 115 Vrms	
Accuracy (1 kHz)	- ·	
+15C to +30C	±0.03 dB [±0.35%]	
0C to +45C	±0.05 dB [±0.58%]	
Flatness (1 kHz ref, DC coupling)		
10 Hz to 20 kHz	±0.008 dB	Typically < 0.003 dB
20 kHz to 50 kHz	±0.030 dB	
50 kHz to 80 kHz	±0.10 dB	
Residual Noise (inputs shorted)	≤ 1.3 μVrms, 20 kHz BW	Typically <8.0 nV / √Hz at 1 kHz
THD+N Measurement		
Fundamental Range	5 Hz to 50 kHz	
Measurement Range	0 to 100%	
Accuracy	±0.5 dB	
Residual THD+N <sup>1,2</sup>		
20 Hz–20 kHz fundamentals	≤ (–103 dB + 1.3 µV, 20 kHz BW); ≤ (–95 dB + 2.5 µV, 80 kHz BW)	Typically <-108 dB at 1 kHz, 2.5V
Level & THD+N Response		
High-Pass	5 Hz to 500 Hz, or None	1 Hz steps
Low-Pass <sup>5</sup>	1 kHz to the selected BW setting, or None	100 Hz steps; very sharp roll-off characteristic exceeds AES-17.
Weighting	A-wt, B-wt, C-wt, CCIR-1k, CCIR-2k, CCITT, C-message, 50 µs or 75 µs de-emph (with and without A-wt), or None	Weighting filter is cascaded with the high-pass and low-pass bandwidth limi ing filters

IMD Measurement		
Test Signal Compatibility		
SMPTE & MOD	Any combination of 40 Hz–1 kHz (LF) and 2 kHz–20 kHz (HF), mixed in any ratio from 1:1 to 10:1 (LF:HF)	HF tone must be $\ge 6 \cdot LF$ tone
DFD	Any two-tone combination with mean frequency of 2.5 kHz–50 kHz and a difference frequency of 80 Hz–2.0 kHz	$F_{mean} = (F1 + F2)/2.$ $F_{diff} =  F2 - F1 $ $F_{mean} must be \ge 6 \cdot F_{diff}$
DIM	DIM100, DIM30, DIM-B, or DIM-B8	
IMD Measured		
SMPTE	Amplitude modulation of HF tone	Measurement BW is typ. 40–500 Hz
MOD	d2, d3, d2+d3, or d2+d3+d4+d5	Use "d2+d3" for measurements per IEC60268
DFD	d2, d3, d2+d3, or d2+d3+d4+d5	Use "d2+d3" for measurements per IEC60268
DIM	u1 to u9 per IEC-60286	
Measurement Range	0 to 20%	
Accuracy	±0.5 dB	
Residual IMD <sup>1,2,3</sup>		
SMPTE & MOD	≤ –95 dB [0.0018%], 4:1 mix ratio	
DFD	≤ –106 dB [0.0005%]	
DIM	≤ –95 dB [0.0018%]	
Frequency Measurement		
Range	<5 Hz to 90 kHz	
Accuracy	±(0.0003% + 100 µHz)	$V_{in}$ must be $\geq 5 \text{ mV}$
Resolution	6 digits	
Phase Measurement		
Ranges	–90 to +270, ±180, or 0 to 360 deg	
Accuracy	±0.2 deg, 5 Hz to 5 kHz; ±0.8 deg, 5 kHz to 20 kHz; ±2.0 deg, 20 kHz to 50 kHz	Vin must be ≥5 mV, all channels
Resolution	0.001 deg	

#### **Specifications Supplemental Information** Valid only for input bandwidths $\leq 90k$ DC Voltage Measurement 0.32 V to 100 V, 10 dB steps ±120 Vdc maximum in 100 V range Input Ranges Accuracy 0.32 V range $\pm (0.7\% \text{ reading} + 800 \mu \text{V})$ 1 V-100 V ranges ±(0.7% reading + 0.1% range) Normal Mode Rejection Typically > 90 dB. 20 Hz to 20 kHz. NOTES to SPECIFICATIONS: 1 System specification including contributions from both generator and analyzer. Generator-only and/or analyzer-only contributions are typically less. 2 Generator load must be ≥600Ω balanced or ≥300Ω unbalanced for specified performance. Generator dc offset must be off or set to ≤10 mV. 3 Input must be ≥150 mV for specified performance. Analyzer must be set to measure "d2+d3" for MOD and DFD. 4 Valid for the balanced input configuration only. 5 Maximum low-pass filter frequency is limited by analyzer input bandwidth setting.



# **DIO digital input/output module specifications**

with APx500 v4.0 or higher measurement software as fitted in APx52x, and 58x audio analyzers NP0020.00017 rev 002 September 2014



This illustration shows a stand-alone APx DIO module, model 210.

These specifications cover the digital input and output functions of the Audio Precision DIO. The DIO is available as a stand-alone module (models 110 or 210), and in several combination modules, combined with DSIO (models 111 or 211), Bluetooth I/O (model 217) or PDM I/O (model 218). The same hardware is also used in the APx515.

The APx DIO provides balanced digital input and output compatible with AES3, AES/EBU and IEC60958-4, on XLR connectors; unbalanced digital input and output compatible with S/PDIF and IEC60958-3 and also AES3id and SMPTE 276 M, on BNC connectors; and optical digital input and output compatible with Toslink interfaces.

Note: Earlier APx585/586 analyzers may be fitted with a model 109 DIO module, which does not support balanced digital I/O, and is not described by these specifications.

DIO specifications begin on the next page.

D	GITAL I/O		
DI	GITAL OUTPUT RELATED:		
	Formats		
	Electrical, unbalanced	SPDIF-EIAJ per IEC60958	
	Electrical, balanced	AES-EBU per AES3-1992	
	Optical	Toslink® or equivalent	
	Sample Rate (SR) Range		
	Electrical	27 kS/s to 200 kS/s	Usable over the extended range of 16 kS/s to 216 kS/s with degraded waveform fidelity, accuracy, and jitter
	Optical	27 kS/s to 108 kS/s	
	Sample Rate (SR) Accuracy	±0.0003% [3 PPM]	
	Channel Status Bits	Full implementation per IEC-60958, automatically set, all channels same	
	User Bits and Validity Flag	Fully settable	
	Residual Jitter <sup>1</sup>		
	Electrical		Typically <1.5 ns
	Optical		Typically <2.5 ns, SR ≤96 kS/s
Εl	MBEDDED OUTPUT SIGNAL	RELATED:	
	Waveforms		8–24 bit word width, triangular PDF dither

Sine Characteristics		
Frequency Range	5 Hz to 0.499 • SR	
Flatness <sup>1</sup>		Typically < 0.001 dB
Offset Range	To maximum digital code [±1D]	Offset limits maximum ac signal
Harmonics & Spurious <sup>1</sup>		Typically < –140 dBFS
Square Characteristics		
Frequency Range (Fq)	10 Hz to SR / 6	Fq must equal SR / N where N is an even integer $\geq 6$ .
Even Harmonic, Spurious Content		Typically < -140 dBFS
Noise Characteristics		
Shape	White (<5 Hz to 0.499 • SR), Pink (<10 Hz to 0.45 • SR), IEC 60268-1 or BS EN 50332-1	IEC 60268-1 is shaped pink noise. BS EN 50332-1 is similar, but with soft clipping to limit crest factor to ≈2.
IMD Test Signals		
SMPTE & MOD		
LF Tone Range	40 Hz to 1 kHz	
HF Tone Range	2 kHz to (0.499 • SR) or 20 kHz, whichever is lower	HF tone must be $\geq 6 \cdot LF$ tone
Mix Ratio (LF:HF)	10:1, 4:1 or 1:1	
Residual IMD <sup>1</sup>		Typically < –140 dBFS
DÉD		
Tone Pair Mean Range	2.5 kHz to (0.499 • SR – F <sub>diff</sub> / 2) or 20 kHz, whichever is lower	F <sub>mean</sub> = (F1 + F2)/2
Tone Pair Difference Range	80 Hz to 2.0 kHz	$F_{diff} =  F2-F1 ;$ $F_{mean}$ must be $\geq 6 \cdot Fdiff$
Residual IMD <sup>1</sup>		Typically < –150 dBFS
Multitone, Wave File Playt	back	
Sample Rate (SR)	8 kS/s to 216 kS/s	
Maximum File Size	32 MSample	
Flatness (1 kHz ref)		Typically <0.001 dB to 0.499*SR
Spurious Content		Typically <–140 dBFS

Characteristic
----------------

DI	GITAL INPUT RELATED:		
F	Formats		
	Unbalanced	SPDIF-EIAJ per IEC 60958, ≤5 Vpp	Input typically 75 $\Omega$ or $\approx$ 8.3 k $\Omega$
	Balanced	AES-EBU per AES3-2003, ≤10 Vpp	Input typically 110 Ω or ≈2.5 kΩ
	Optical	Toslink® or equivalent	
Ş	Sample Rate (SR) Range		
	Electrical	27 kS/s to 216 kS/s	Typically locks down to 16 kS/s
	Optical	27 kS/s to 108 kS/s	
	SR Measurement Accuracy	±0.0003% [±3 ppm]	
Εħ	İBEDDED INPUT SIGNAL F	ELATED:	
L	evel (Amplitude) Measure	ment	
	Measurement Range	< -120 dBFS to +3 dBFS	
	Accuracy (1 kHz)		Typically < 0.001 dB
	Flatness		Typically < 0.001 dB
F	Residual Noise		Typically < –140 dBFS
٦	THD+N Measurement		
	Fundamental Range	5 Hz to 0.49 • SR or 50 kHz, whichever is lower	Tuning can be set to track measured fre- quency, generator setting or fixed
	Measurement Range	0 to 100%	
	Accuracy	±0.5 dB	
	Residual THD+N <sup>2</sup>		Typically < –140 dBFS
L	evel & THD+N Filters	1	
	High-Pass		
	DC	DC coupling	
	AC(<10 Hz)	AC coupling, 1-pole	–3 dB at ≈1.6 Hz
	Butterworth	F <sub>HP</sub> (–3 dB) = 10 Hz to 1.0 kHz, 6-pole	Combined with AC coupling

Specifications

Low-Pass <sup>3</sup>		
Butterworth	F <sub>LP</sub> (–3 dB) = 1 kHz to 150 kHz, 8- pole	ENBW ≈1.006 • FLP
Elliptic	F <sub>LP</sub> (–0.01 dB) = 1 kHz to 150 kHz, 8-pole; 0.01 dB pass-band ripple; ≤ –60 dB stop-band	ENBW ≈(1.012-1.062) • FLP
SR / 2 (Maximum)	No filter is implemented, bandwidth and response are limited by the A/D	–3 dB at ≈0.490 • SR
Weighting	A-wt, B-wt, C-wt, CCIR-1k, CCIR-2k, CCITT, C-message, 50 μs or 75 μs de-emph (with and without A-wt), or None	Weighting filter is cascaded with the high-pass and low-pass bandwidth limi ing filters.
IMD Measurement		
Test Signal Compatibility		
SMPTE & MOD	Any combination of 40 Hz–1 kHz (LF) and 2 kHz–20 kHz (HF), mixed in any ratio from 1:1 to 10:1 (LF:HF)	HF tone must be $\geq 6 \cdot LF$ tone
DFD	Any two-tone combination with mean frequency of 2.5 kHz–50 kHz and a difference frequency of 80 Hz–2.0 kHz	$F_{mean} = (F1 + F2)/2$ $F_{diff} =  F2 - F1 $ $F_{mean} must be \ge 6 \bullet F_{diff}$
IMD Measured		
SMPTE	Amplitude modulation of HF tone	Measurement BW is typ. 40–500 Hz xx
MOD	d2, d3, d2+d3, or d2+d3+d4+d5	Use "d2+d3" for measurements per IEC-60268
DFD	d2, d3, d2+d3, or d2+d3+d4+d5	Use "d2+d3" for measurements per IEC-60268
CCIF	d2 only	CCIF"" is an archaic form of DFD that measures only the d2 product using a different 0 dB reference
Measurement Range	0 to 20%	
Accuracy	±0.5 dB	
Residual IMD <sup>2</sup>		
SMPTE & MOD		Typically < –140 dBFS
DFD		Typically < –150 dBFS

F	requency Measurement		
	Range	< 5 Hz to 0.499 • SR	
	Accuracy	±(0.0003% + 100 μHz)	
F	hase Measurement	1	
	Ranges	-90 to +270, ±180, or 0 to 360 deg	
	Accuracy		Typically < 0.001 deg
NO	TES to SPECIFICATIONS:		
1	Sample rate (SR) must be ≥27 kS/ per AES3-1992.	s for specified performance. Jitter analy	zer set for 700 Hz highpass response
2	Digital generator word width must to formance.	be set to 24 bits for specified performance	e; shorter word widths may degrade per-
3	Maximum low-pass filter frequency	is limited by input sample rate (SR).	

# ADIO Advanced Digital Input/Output module specifications

with APx500 v4.0 or higher measurement software as fitted in APx52x, 555, and 58x audio analyzers NP0020.00021 rev 000 October 2014



#### This illustration shows a stand-alone APx ADIO module, model 219.

These specifications cover the digital input and output functions of the Audio Precision Advanced Digital Input/Output (ADIO). The ADIO is available as a stand-alone module (model 219).

The APx ADIO provides balanced digital input and output compatible with AES3, AES/EBU and IEC60958-4, on XLR connectors; unbalanced digital input and output compatible with S/PDIF and IEC60958-3 and also AES3id and SMPTE 276 M, on BNC connectors; and optical digital input and output compatible with Toslink interfaces.

ADIO also enables certain carrier and metadata impairments, and it supports the imposition of jitter on the transmitted carrier, and jitter measurement, when used with the Advanced Master Clock (AMC).

ADIO specifications begin on the next page.

C	
6	
<	

characteristic	Specifications	Supplemental Information	
<b>DVANCED DIGITAL I/O</b>			
DIGITAL OUTPUT RELATED:			
Formats			
Electrical, unbalanced	SPDIF-EIAJ per IEC60958		
	AES-EBU per AES3-1992		
Optical	Toslink® or equivalent		
Sample Rate (SR) Range			
	27 kS/s to 200 kS/s	Usable over the extended range of 16 kS/s to 216 kS/s with degraded waveform fidelity, accuracy, and jitte	
Optical	27 kS/s to 108 kS/s		
Sample Rate (SR) Accuracy	±0.0003% [3 PPM]		
Output Amplitude			
Unbalanced			
	0.0 Vpp to 2.50 Vpp into 75 Ω	1 mV resolution	
Accuracy	±(8 % + 20 mV)		
Source Impedance		Typically 75 Ω	
Balanced			
	0.0 Vpp to 8.00 Vpp into 110 Ω	1 mV resolution	
Accuracy	±(10 % + 80 mV)		
		Typically 110 Ω	
Source Impedance			
Source Impedance	Fixed, determined by transducer.		
	Fixed, determined by transducer. Full implementation per IEC-60958 (consumer) and AES3 (professional)	Automatically set or manual override hex or plain English, CRC override a auto-increment local address and tin day	

Residual Jitter <sup>1</sup>		
Unbalanced, Balanced		
700 Hz-100 kHz BW	≤600 ps	Peak detection
50 Hz-100 kHz BW	≤1.0 ns	Peak detection
Optical		Typically <2.5 ns, SR ≤96 kS/s
INTERFACE SIGNAL IMPAIL	RMENTS	
Variable Rise/Fall Time		
Range	12 ns to 100 ns	1 ns typical resolution
Accuracy	±(10% + 2 ns)	
Cable Simulation		Approximates the signal degradation of 100 meters of Belden 1696A.
Induced Jitter		
Waveforms	Sine, Square, Noise	
Sine Wave Jitter		Above 200 Hz, maximum allowable jitte decreases in a "1/f" fashion to 0.20 UI a F <sub>J</sub> =10 kHz and higher.
Frequency Range (F <sub>J</sub> )	2 Hz to 200 kHz	
Amplitude Range	0-1.591 µs for F <sub>J</sub> ≤20 Hz and derating linearly to 0.1591 µs at 200 kHz	Equivalent to 0-9.775 UI at 48 kHz sample rate, derating to 0.9775 UI
Amplitude Resolution	100 ps	
Accuracy (1 kHz)	±(0.01%)	
Flatness	±0.01 dB	
Jitter Spectrum <sup>1</sup>		Spurious products are typically –40 dBc (below jitter signal) or –60 dBUI, whichever is larger.
Normal Mode Noise	1	
Waveform	Psuedo-random pulse train	
Unbalanced	0 to 635 mVpp, 2.5 mV steps ±(10% + 25 mV)	
Balanced	0 to 2.55 Vpp, 10 mV steps ±(10% + 100mV)	

(	Common Mode Signal (Bal	only)	
	Waveform	Sine	
	Frequency Range	20 Hz to 100 kHz	
	Amplitude Range	0 to 20.0 Vpp, 20 mV steps: ±(10% + 50 mV)	
ΕN	İBEDDED OUTPUT SIGNAL	RELATED:	
١	Vaveforms	Sine, sine split frequency, sine split phase, sine+DC offset, continuously swept-sine, square-wave, noise, IMD signals, multi-tone, constant value, walking ones/zeros, bittest random, wave file playback	8–24 bit word width, triangular PDF dither
S	Sine Characteristics	l	
	Frequency Range	0.001 Hz to 0.499 • SR	
	Flatness <sup>1</sup>		Typically < 0.001 dB
	Offset Range	To maximum digital code [±1D]	Offset limits maximum ac signal
	Harmonics & Spurious <sup>1</sup>		Typically < –190 dBFS
Ş	Square Characteristics		
	Frequency Range (Fq)	10 Hz to SR / 6	Fq must equal SR / N where N is an even integer ≥6.
	Even Harmonic, Spurious Content		Typically < –190 dBFS
1	loise Characteristics		
	Shape	White (<5 Hz to 0.499 • SR), Pink (<10 Hz to 0.45 • SR), IEC 60268-1 or BS EN 50332-1	IEC 60268-1 is shaped pink noise. BS EN 50332-1 is similar, but with soft clipping to limit crest factor to ≈2.
I	MD Test Signals	l	
	SMPTE & MOD	-	
	LF Tone Range	40 Hz to 1 kHz	
	HF Tone Range	2 kHz to (0.499 • SR) or 20 kHz, whichever is lower	HF tone must be $\geq 6 \cdot LF$ tone
	Mix Ratio (LF:HF)	10:1, 4:1 or 1:1	
	Residual IMD <sup>1,2</sup>		Typically < –140 dBFS

# Specifications

DFD		
Tone Pair Mean Range	2.5 kHz to (0.499 • SR – F <sub>diff</sub> / 2) or 20 kHz, whichever is lower	F <sub>mean</sub> = (F1 + F2)/2
Tone Pair Difference Range	80 Hz to 2.0 kHz	$F_{diff} =  F2-F1 ;$ $F_{mean}$ must be $\geq 6 \cdot Fdiff$
Residual IMD <sup>1,2</sup>		Typically < –150 dBFS
Multitone, Wave File Plays	back	
Sample Rate (SR)	8 kS/s to 216 kS/s	
Maximum File Size	32 MSample	
Flatness (1 kHz ref)		Typically <0.001 dB to 0.499 • SR
Spurious Content		Typically <–140 dBFS
DIGITAL INPUT RELATED:		
Formats		
Unbalanced	SPDIF-EIAJ per IEC 60958, ≤5 Vpp	Input typically 75 Ω or ≈8.3 kΩ
Balanced	AES-EBU per AES3-2003, ≤10 Vpp	Input typically 110 Ω or ≈2.5 kΩ
Optical	Toslink® or equivalent	
Sample Rate (SR) Range		
Electrical	27 kS/s to 200 kS/s	Usable over the extended range of 16 kS/s to 216 kS/s with degraded waveform fidelity, accuracy, and jitter
Optical	27 kS/s to 108 kS/s	
SR Measurement Accuracy	±0.0003% [±3 ppm]	
Input Amplitude Measurer	nent	
Unbalanced	0 to 2.50 Vpp, ±(5% + 6 mV)	
Balanced	0 to 8.0 Vpp, ±(5% + 25 mV)	

Jitter Measurement		
Range	0-4.0 UI at F <sub>J</sub> ≤500 Hz	
Detection	Peak, RMS, or Average	"Peak" detection must be used for residual measurements per AES3. "Average" detection is recommended for jitter response measurements.
Bandwidth		
Low Limit	50 Hz or 700 Hz (AES3)	
High Limit	Variable from 1 kHz to 150 kHz in 0.1 kHz steps, Butterworth or Elliptic response.	
Accuracy (1 kHz)	±(10% + 1.0 ns)	
Flatness <sup>1</sup>	±0.5 dB, 100 Hz to 80 kHz	
Residual Jitter <sup>1</sup>		
700 Hz - 100 kHz BW	≤600 ps	
50 Hz - 100 kHz BW	≤1.0 ns	
Jitter Spectrum <sup>1</sup>		Spurious products are typically -40 dBc (below jitter signal) or -60 dBUI, whichever is larger.
Channel Status Bits	Full implementation per IEC-60958 (consumer) and AES3 (professional)	
User Bits	Displayed in hex	
Validity Flag	Displayed for each channel	
Receiver Lock	Displayed, both channels combined	
EMBEDDED INPUT SIGNAL R		
Level (Amplitude) Measurer	nent	
Measurement Range	< –120 dBFS to +3 dBFS	
Accuracy (1 kHz)		Typically < 0.001 dB
Flatness <sup>1</sup>		Typically < 0.001 dB
Residual Noise		Typically < –140 dBFS

# Specifications

Eundomontal Danca	E Ha to 0.40 + CD or E0.1/Ha	Tuning can be get to track measured fr
Fundamental Range	5 Hz to 0.49 • SR or 50 kHz, whichever is lower	Tuning can be set to track measured fr quency, generator setting or fixed
Measurement Range	0 to 100%	
Accuracy	±0.5 dB	
Residual THD+N <sup>1,2</sup>		Typically < –140 dBFS
Level & THD+N Filters		
High-Pass		
DC	DC coupling	
AC(<10 Hz)	AC coupling, 1-pole	–3 dB at ≈1.6 Hz
Butterworth	F <sub>HP</sub> (–3 dB) = 10 Hz to 1.0 kHz, 6-pole	Combined with AC coupling
Low-Pass <sup>3</sup>		
Butterworth	F <sub>LP</sub> (–3 dB) = 1 kHz to 150 kHz, 8- pole	ENBW ≈1.006 • FLP
Elliptic	$F_{LP}$ (-0.01 dB) = 1 kHz to 150 kHz, 8-pole; 0.01 dB pass-band ripple; $\leq$ -60 dB stop-band.	ENBW ≈(1.012-1.062) • FLP
SR / 2 (Maximum)	No filter is implemented, bandwidth and response are limited by the A/D	–3 dB at ≈0.490 • SR
Weighting	A-wt, B-wt, C-wt, CCIR-1k, CCIR-2k, CCITT, C-message, 50 μs or 75 μs de-emph (with and without A-wt), or None	Weighting filter is cascaded with the high-pass and low-pass bandwidth lin ing filters.

Characteristic	
----------------	--

IMD Measurement		
Test Signal Compatibility		
SMPTE & MOD	Any combination of 40 Hz–1 kHz (LF) and 2 kHz–20 kHz (HF), mixed in any ratio from 1:1 to 10:1 (LF:HF)	HF tone must be $\geq$ 6 • LF tone
DFD	Any two-tone combination with mean frequency of 2.5 kHz–50 kHz and a difference frequency of 80 Hz–2.0 kHz	$\begin{array}{l} F_{mean} = (F1 + F2)/2 \\ F_{diff} =  F2 - F1  \\ F_{mean} \mbox{ must be} \geq 6 \bullet F_{diff} \end{array}$
IMD Measured		
SMPTE	Amplitude modulation of HF tone	Measurement BW is typ. 40–500 Hz xxx
MOD	d2, d3, d2+d3, or d2+d3+d4+d5	Use "d2+d3" for measurements per IEC-60268
DFD	d2, d3, d2+d3, or d2+d3+d4+d5	Use "d2+d3" for measurements per IEC-60268
CCIF	d2 only	CCIF"" is an archaic form of DFD that measures only the d2 product using a different 0 dB reference
Measurement Range	0 to 20%	
Accuracy	±0.5 dB	
Residual IMD <sup>2</sup>		
SMPTE & MOD		Typically < –140 dBFS
DFD		Typically < –150 dBFS
Frequency Measurement		
Range	< 5 Hz to 0.499 • SR	
Accuracy	±(0.0003% + 100 μHz)	
Phase Measurement	1	
Ranges	-90 to +270, ±180, or 0 to 360 deg	
Accuracy		Typically < 0.001 deg

NO	TES to SPECIFICATIONS:
1	System specification including contributions from both generator and analyzer subject to the following conditions: (A) SR = 27 kS/s to 200 kS/s, (B) interface signal ≥1.5 Vpp Bal or ≥300 mVpp Unbal, (C) rise-time ≤20 nsec, and (D) no impairments. Optical interface is unspecified for residual jitter.
2	Digital generator word width must be set to 24 bits for specified performance; shorter word widths may degrade per-
3	formance. Maximum low-pass filter frequency is limited by input sample rate (SR).
-	



# DSIO digital serial input/output module specifications

with APx500 v4.0 or higher measurement software as fitted in APx52x, 555, and 58x audio analyzers NP0020.00013 rev 005 October 2014



#### This illustration shows a stand-alone APx DSIO module, model 216.

These specifications cover the digital serial input and output functions of the Audio Precision DSIO. The DSIO is available as a stand-alone module (model 216), and in a combination module, combined with DIO (models 111 or 211).

The Digital Serial Input/Output (or DSIO) option provides a flexible chip- or board-level serial input and output interface. With separate Master Clock, Bit Clock, Frame Clock, Channel Clock and four Data lines, variable signal formats, variable word width, bit depth and synchronization options, the DSIO can address almost any serial interface need.

Formats include TDM, I<sup>2</sup>S, DSP (bit-wide pulse) and custom formats. Up to 16 channels can be transmitted and received using the TDM format.

DSIO specifications begin on the next page.

Functional characteristics		
Channels		
1 data line, TDM	1, 2, 4, 8 or 16	Time division multiplexing (TDM)
Multiple data lines	1, 2, 4 or 8	up to 4 data lines; 2 channels on each line by TDM
Data formats	I <sup>2</sup> S, DSP, custom (left/right justified, one bit/one subframe/50% duty cycle frame, inverted or normal frame, optionally 1-bit left-shifted frame). All modes LSB or MSB first	
Word width	8–128 bits	cannot be less than bit depth
Bit depth (data length)	8–32 bits	
Sample rate (frame rate)	4 kS/s–216 kS/s	1, 2 or 4 channels
	4 kS/s–192 kS/s	8 or 16 channels
Master Clock range	4 kHz–55.296 MHz	1, 2, or 4 channels. Actual clock rate is dependent upon channel count, word width, and sample rate settings.
	4 kHz–49.152 MHz	8 or 16 channels. Actual clock rate is dependent upon channel count, word width, and sample rate settings.
Logic voltage levels	1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V	

DC characteristics, n	o load	
1.8 volt setting	0 1000	
High level input		
Minimum	1.0 V	
Low level input		
Maximum	0.8 V	
High level output		
Minimum	1.6 V	
Low level output		
Maximum	0.1 V	
Absolute range		
Minimum	–0.5 V	
Maximum	5.5 V	
2.5 volt setting		
High level input		
Minimum	1.4 V	
Low level input		
Maximum	1.1 V	
High level output		
Minimum	2.2 V	
Low level output		
Maximum	0.1 V	
Absolute range		
Minimum	-0.5 V	
Maximum	5.5 V	

# Specifications

C	
U	)
	7

haracteristic	Specifications	Supplemental Information
3.3 volt setting		
High level input		
Minimum	1.8 V	
Low level input		
Maximum	1.5 V	
High level output		
Minimum	3.0 V	
Low level output		
Maximum	0.1 V	
Absolute range		
Minimum	–0.5 V	
Maximum	5.5 V	
put/Output impedance		
All Outputs	50 Ω, nominal	
All Inputs	10 kΩ, nominal	
C characteristics		
Clock frequencies, input of	or output	
Master clock	4 kHz–55.296 MHz	<ol> <li>2, or 4 channels. Actual clock rate is dependent upon channel count, word width, and sample rate settings.</li> </ol>
	4 kHz–49.152 MHz	8 or 16 channels. Actual clock rate is dependent upon channel count, word width, and sample rate settings.
Bit clock	49.152 MHz maximum	
Frame	216 kHz maximum	
Output latency	1	
Frame		typ 3 ns referenced to Bit clock
Data 1–4		typ 3 ns referenced to Bit clock
Monitor ports		typ 10 ns referenced to Signal pin
Input setup and hold requ	irements	
Frame, setup		6 ns referenced to Bit clock
Frame, hold		2 ns referenced to Bit clock
Data 1–4, setup		6 ns referenced to Bit clock
Data 1–4, hold		2 ns referenced to Bit clock

itter Measurement		
Range	0 to 650 ns	
Detection	Peak, RMS, or Average	"Average" detection is recommended for jitter response measurements.
Bandwidth		
Low Limit	50 Hz or 700 Hz	
High Limit	Variable from 1 kHz to 150 kHz in 0.1 kHz steps, Butterworth or Elliptic response	
Accuracy (1 kHz)	±(1% + 300 ps)	"Average" detection
Flatness <sup>1</sup>	±0.2 dB, 100 Hz to 100 kHz	
Residual Jitter <sup>1</sup>		
50 Hz to 100 kHz BW	≤1.0 ns	
Jitter Spectrum <sup>1</sup>		Spurious products are typically –40 dBc (below jitter signal) or –60 dBUI, whichever is larger
nduced Jitter		
Waveforms	Sine, Square, Noise	
Signals Affected	Master Clk, Bit Clk, Frame Clock and Data	
Sine Wave Jitter		
Frequency Range (F <sub>J</sub> )	2 Hz to 200 kHz	
Amplitude Range	0 to 1591 ns for $F_J \le 20$ kHz, derating linearly with frequency to 159.1 ns at 200 kHz	Equivalent to 0 to 9.775 UI at 48 kH sample rate, derating to 0.9775 UI
Amplitude Resolution	100 ps	
Accuracy (1 kHz)	±0.01%	
Flatness	±0.01%	
Jitter Spectrum <sup>1</sup>		Spurious products are typically –40 dBc (below jitter signal) or –60 dBUI, whichever is larger

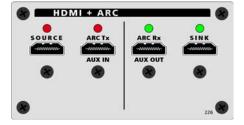
# **NOTE to SPECIFICATIONS**

1 System specification including contributions from both generator and analyzer subject to the following condition: Bit Clock ≥ 192 kHz.

# HDMI

# HDMI+ARC input/output module specifications

with APx500 v3.4 or higher measurement software as fitted in APx52x, 555 and 58x audio analyzers NP0020.00011 rev 003 October 2013



This illustration shows the HDMI+ARC module, model 214.

These specifications cover the input and output functions of the Audio Precision HDMI+ARC (High Definition Multimedia Interface plus Audio Return Channel) I/O module. HDMI+ARC is available as a stand-alone module (models 114 or 214).

The model HDMI+ARC module is fully compatible with HDMI 1.3a; additionally, it supports a subset of HDMI 1.4a, the ARC (Audio Return Channel) feature. With APx500 v3.1, HDMI EDID 1.4 is supported. HDMI+ARC modules manufactured after October, 2013 will support CEC communications on the Source and Sink connectors. Go to Help > About in APx500 to check feature availability.

HDMI is designed to carry high-bandwidth digital streams providing an audio/video interface that includes content protection and a bi-directional channel for interaction with connected electronic devices. ARC (Audio Return Channel) provides an additional digital audio channel, which can simplify interface cabling in certain applications, for user convenience.

NOTE: Earlier APx585 instruments may be fitted with a Model 112 HDMI module, which does not include ARC support. The HDMI specifications are the same.

HDMI+ARC specifications begin on the next page.

Revision	1.3a + ARC.	ARC (Audio Return Channel) imple- mented per HDMI 1.4a
Device Connections		
SOURCE	Typically connects to the sink input of a DUT.	The video is an internally generated sin- gle color screen or the signal applied to the AUX IN connector. The audio is internally generated: see "Embedded Output Signal Related" under "DIGITAL I/O" for typical waveforms and parame- ters.
ARC Tx / AUX IN	HDMI ARC Tx configuration: Typically connects to an HDMI source that accepts ARC audio. HDMI Source configuration: typically connects to an external source of video to be included in the Source out- put signal.	Generates and transmits audio across ARC, per HDMI 1.4a. HDMI source should not transmit video. Incoming audio is ignored. Incoming video is passed to HDMI Source in "pass through" mode.
ARC Rx / AUX OUT	HDMI ARC Rx configuration: Typically connects to an HDMI sink that pro- duces ARC audio. HDMI Sink configuration: Typically connects to an independent monitor- ing device.	HDMI ARC Rx configuration: Receives and analyzes audio across ARC, per HDMI 1.4a. No video is transmitted. HDMI Sink configuration: Contains video and audio sent to Sink input.
SINK	Typically connects to the source out- put of a DUT.	The embedded and encoded audio sig- nal components are recovered for analy- sis.
Hardware Interface	HDMI Type A	
EDID	256-byte EEPROM on both Sink and ARC TX / AUX IN connectors.	

Characteristic	Specifications	Supplemental Information
CEC (ARC connectors)	HDMI ARC Tx configuration: ARC CEC implementation per HDMI 1.4a. HDMI ARC Rx configuration: ARC CEC implementation per HDMI 1.4a.	ARC link can be negotiated or forced on. User can manually send a CEC ping or arbitrary CEC message to any of the standard logical addresses. An indicator confirms the receipt of an ACK (acknowledged) message from the messaged device.
CEC (HDMI Sink, Source Connectors)	HDMI Source configuration: CEC implementation per HDMI 1.4a. Also, user-selectable CEC pass- through from AUX IN to Source. HDMI Sink configuration: CEC implementation per HDMI 1.4a. Also, user-selectable CEC pass through from Sink to AUX OUT.	User can manually send a CEC ping or arbitrary CEC message to any of the standard logical addresses. An indicator confirms the receipt of an ACK (acknowledged) message from the messaged device.
Color Support	24-bit, 30-bit, 36-bit (Deep Color)	
Max Video Rate	1080p	
ARC DIGITAL I/O		
ARC DIGITAL OUTPUT RELAT	ED:	
Formats		
Signal level, single mode Signal level, common mode	0.5 Vpp typical 0.4 Vpp typical	Output R is 55 $\Omega$ typical. Output R is 30 $\Omega$ typical.
Sample Rate (SR) Range	8 kS/s–216 kS/s	
Sample Rate (SR) Accuracy	±0.0003% [3 PPM]	
Channel Status Bits	Full implementation per IEC60958	Automatically set or manual override, hex or plain English.
User Bits	Fully settable	Hex.
Validity Flag	Set to 0, all channels	
Residual Jitter <sup>1,2</sup>		<1.0 ns typical

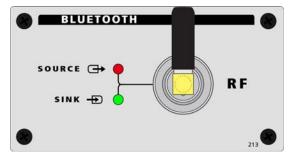
Characteristic	Specifications	Supplemental Information
EMBEDDED OUTPUT SIGN	AL RELATED:	
Waveforms	Sine, sine split frequency, sine split phase, sine+DC offset, continuously swept-sine, square-wave, noise, IMD signals, multi-tone, constant value, walking ones/zeros, bittest random, wave file playback.	8–24 bit word width, triangular PDF dither.
Sine Characteristics		
Frequency Range	5 Hz to 0.499 • SR	
Flatness <sup>1</sup>		Typically < 0.001 dB
Harmonics & Spurious Prod- ucts <sup>1, 3</sup>		Typically < -140 dBFS
Square Characteristics		
Frequency Range (Fq)	10 Hz to SR / 6	Only specific values are allowed: Fq = SR / N where N is an even integer ≥6
Even Harmonic, Spurious Content		Typically < –140 dBFS
Noise Characteristics		
Shape	White (<5 Hz to 0.499 • SR), Pink (<10 Hz to 0.45 • SR), IEC 60268-1 or BS EN 50332-1	
IMD Test Signals		
SMPTE & MOD		
LF Tone Range	40 Hz to 1 kHz	
HF Tone Range	2 kHz to (0.499 • SR) or 20 kHz, whichever is lower	HF tone must be $\geq 6 \cdot LF$ tone.
Mix Ratio (LF:HF)	10:1, 4:1 or 1:1	4:1 maximum with SMPTE signal
Residual IMD <sup>1, 3</sup>		Typically < –140 dBFS
<u>DFD</u>		
Tone Pair Mean Range	2.5 kHz to (0.499 • SR – F <sub>diff</sub> / 2) or 20 kHz, whichever is lower	$F_{mean} = (F1 + F2)/2.$
Tone Pair Difference Range	80 Hz to 2.0 kHz	$F_{diff} =  F2-F1 ;$ $F_{mean}$ must be $\geq 6 \bullet$ Fdiff.

Residual IMD <sup>1, 3</sup>		Typically < –150 dBFS
DIGITAL INPUT RELATED:		
Formats		
Single mode	≤1.5 Vpp	Input R is nominally 55 $\Omega$
Dual mode	≤1.5 Vpp	Input R is nominally 30 $\Omega$
Sample Rate Range	22 kS/s–216 kS/s	Typically locks down to 16 kS/s
EMBEDDED INPUT SIGNA	L RELATED:	
Level (Amplitude) Measu	urement	
Measurement Range	< –120 dBFS to +3 dBFS	
Accuracy (1 kHz)		Typically < 0.001 dB
Flatness <sup>1</sup>		Typically < 0.001 dB
Residual Noise		Typically < –140 dBFS
THD+N Measurement		
Fundamental Range	5 Hz to 0.49 • SR or 50 kHz, whichever is lower	Tuning can be set to track measured fre- quency, generator setting or fixed
Measurement Range	0 to 100%	
Accuracy	±0.5 dB	
Residual THD+N <sup>1, 3</sup>		Typically < –140 dBFS
Level & THD+N Filters		
High-Pass Filter	5 Hz to 500 Hz, or None	1 Hz steps
Low-Pass Filter <sup>3</sup>	1 kHz to 97.2 kHz, or None	100 Hz steps; very sharp roll-off charac- teristic exceeds AES-17
Weighting	A-wt, B-wt, C-wt, CCIR-1k, CCIR-2k, CCITT, C-message, 50 μs or 75 μs de-emph (with and without A-wt), or None	Weighting filter is cascaded with the high-pass and low-pass bandwidth limit- ing filters
IMD Measurement		
Test Signal Compatibility		
SMPTE & MOD	Any combination of 40 Hz–1 kHz (LF) and 2 kHz–20 kHz (HF), mixed in any ratio from 1:1 to 10:1 (LF:HF)	HF tone must be $\geq 6 \cdot LF$ tone.

haracteristic	Specifications	Supplemental Information	
DFD	Any two-tone combination with mean frequency of 2.5 kHz–50 kHz and a difference frequency of 80 Hz–2.0 kHz	$\begin{array}{l}  F_{mean} = (F1 + F2)/2 \\  F_{diff} =  F2 - F1  \\  F_{mean} must \ be \geq 6 \bullet F_{diff} \ . \end{array}$	
IMD Measured			
SMPTE	Amplitude modulation of HF tone.	Measurement BW is typ. 40–500 Hz.	
MOD & DFD	d2, d3, d2+d3, or d2+d3+d4+d5	Use "d2+d3" for measurements per IEC-60268.	
Measurement Range	0 to 20%		
Accuracy	±0.5 dB		
Residual IMD <sup>1, 3</sup>			
SMPTE & MOD		Typically < -140 dBFS	
DFD		Typically < –150 dBFS	
Frequency Measureme	nt		
Range	< 5 Hz to 0.499 • SR		
Accuracy	±(0.0003% + 100 µHz)		
Resolution	6 digits		
Phase Measurement			
Ranges	-90 to +270, ±180, or 0 to 360 deg		
Accuracy <sup>1</sup>		Typically < 0.001 deg	
Resolution	0.001 deg		
Notes to Specifications	i		
1. System specification includ contributions are typically	System specification including contributions from both generator and analyzer. Generator-only and analyzer-onl contributions are typically less.		
2. Sample rate (SR) must be per AES3-1992.	Sample rate (SR) must be $\geq$ 27 kHz for specified performance. Jitter analyzer set for 700 Hz highpass response		
3. Digital generator word wide performance.	Digital generator word width must be set to 24 bits for specified performance; shorter word widths may degrade performance.		

# **Bluetooth input/output module specifications**

with APx500 v3.2 or higher measurement software as fitted in APx52x, 555 and 58x audio analyzers NP0020.00015 rev 003 November 2012



This illustration shows the stand-alone Bluetooth module, model 213.

These specifications cover the digital input and output functions of the Audio Precision Bluetooth interface. Bluetooth is available as a stand-alone module (model 213), and in a combination module, combined with DIO (model 217).

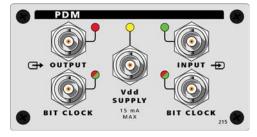
Bluetooth is a short-distance (a few meters) control, data, and audio communications wireless technology. Bluetooth uses low power, frequency-hopping radio in the 2.4 GHz band. Communication is two-way (for handshaking, metadata, etc); some profiles (HFP, for example) support duplex audio (both directions simultaneously); some profiles (A2DP) support only simplex audio (one direction per connection). Audio Precision supports several audio-specific Bluetooth profiles for audio test.

Bluetooth specifications begin on the next page.

В	Bluetooth Core Version			
		2.1+EDR		
Ρ	rofiles/Roles Supported			
		A2DP Source	With APx-BT-WB hardware module, there is a potential +/- 1 sample inter- channel phase error in A2DP Source or Sink operation.	
		A2DP Sink	See note above.	
		HFP Audio Gateway		
		HFP Hands-Free		
		HSP Audio Gateway		
		HSP Headset		
		AVRCP Controller		
С	odecs Supported			
		SBC		
		APT-X		
		CVSD		
		mSBC	Requires APx-BT-WB hardware module.	
R	F Connection			
		Type N, Female		
		Antenna		
R	F Input Impedance		Typically 50 Ω	
R	F Output Impedance		Typically 50 Ω	
R	F Power		Typically 0 dBm	
			Typical maximum +4 dBm	
R	F Sensitivity (0.1% BER)		Typically –81 dBm	

# **PDM input/output module specifications**

with APx500 v3.2 or higher measurement software as fitted in APx52x, 555 and 58x audio analyzers NP0020.00016 rev 001 October 2013



This illustration shows the stand-alone PDM module, model 215.

These specifications cover the digital input and output functions of the Audio Precision PDM interface. PDM is available as a stand-alone module (model 215), and in a combination module, combined with DIO (model 218).

The PDM option provides a complete solution for addressing circuits or devices with a PDM input or output.

The PDM signal output consists of an APx generator audio signal, interpolated by a broad choice of oversampling ratios, and modulated into a 1-bit PDM bitstream. A 4th-order modulator is the default; a 5th-order modulator can be selected. The PDM Option also provides a signal input with its associated clock connection. The input accepts a 1-bit PDM bitstream, which is then decimated by one of a wide range of decimation ratios and filtered into baseband audio at the Decimated Rate. The input bitstream can also be analyzed directly (before decimation) in the Signal Analyzer to view out-of-band components.

PDM specifications begin on the next page.

# **Technical Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
TRANSMITTER						
Decimated Rate	F <sub>S</sub>		4		216	kHz
Bit Clock Rate	F <sub>B</sub>	Master or slave mode	0.128		24.576	MHz
INTERPOLATION FILTER						
Interpolation Ratio (F <sub>B</sub> /F <sub>S</sub> )	INTR	16, 16.67, 21.33, 24, 25, 32, 33.33, 37.5, 42.67, 48, 50, 64, 66.67, 75, 85.33, 96, 100, 128, 150, 192, 200, 256, 300, 384, 400, 512, 500, 768, 800	16		800	
Passband Frequency Range						
Passband Gain		INTR = 32, 64, 128, 256, 512	-0.0001		+0.0001	dB
Stopband Frequency Range		All other INTR	-0.0063 0.55		+0.0001 INTR / 2	dB F <sub>S</sub>
Stopband Attenuation		INTR = 32, 64, 128, 256, 512 All other INTR	115 100			dB dB
MODULATOR: GENERAL						
Passband Frequency Range			0		0.45	F <sub>S</sub>
Passband Gain			-0.0001		+0.0001	dB
Maximum Input Level	MIL				0	dBFS
		-100 dBFS to MIL (order 4, 5)	-0.010		+0.001	dB
Linearity		MIL to 0 dBFS (order 4)	-0.010 -0.010		+0.002	dB dB
Ones Density at Full Scale		MIL to 0 dBFS (order 5)	-0.010 99.94	100	+0.001	ав %
MODULATOR: ORDER 4, 64x OSR	2		33.34	100		70
Overload Point	OLP	1 kHz			-7.8	dBFS
Total Harm. Dist. + Noise		$@OLP; BW = 0.45 F_{S}$			-105	dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	SNR	@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>	106		100	dB

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Dynamic Range	DNR	@MIL; F <sub>S</sub> = 48 kHz; per AES17	115			dB
MODULATOR: ORDER 5, 64>	OSR					
Overload Point	OLP	1 kHz			-9.4	dBFS
Total Harm. Dist. + Noise		@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>			-116	dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	SNR	@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>	116			dB
Dynamic Range	DNR	@MIL; F <sub>S</sub> = 48 kHz; per AES17	125			dB
MODULATOR: ORDER 4, 128	8x OSR					
Overload Point	OLP	1 kHz			-7.9	dBFS
Total Harm. Dist. + Noise		@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>			-127	dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	SNR	@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>	127			dB
Dynamic Range	DNR	@MIL; F <sub>S</sub> = 48 kHz; per AES17	135			dB
MODULATOR: ORDER 5, 128	8x OSR					
Overload Point	OLP	1 kHz			-9.6	dBFS
Total Harm. Dist. + Noise		@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>			-127	dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	SNR	@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>	127			dB
Dynamic Range	DNR	@MIL; F <sub>S</sub> = 48 kHz; per AES17	135			dB
MODULATOR: ORDER 4, 256	Sx OSR					
Overload Point	OLP	1 kHz			-8.0	dBFS
Total Harm. Dist. + Noise		@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>			-130	dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	SNR	@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>	129			dB
Dynamic Range	DNR	@MIL; F <sub>S</sub> = 48 kHz; per AES17	137			dB
MODULATOR: ORDER 5, 256	5x OSR					
Overload Point	OLP	1 kHz			-9.8	dBFS
Total Harm. Dist. + Noise		@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>			-128	dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	SNR	@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>	127			dB
Dynamic Range	DNR	@MIL; F <sub>S</sub> = 48 kHz; per AES17	137			dB

# PDM

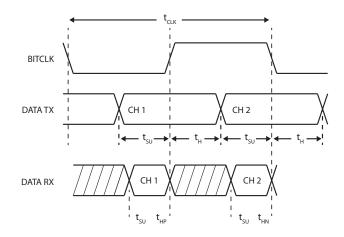
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
MODULATOR: ORDER 4, 512x O	SR					
Overload Point	OLP	1 kHz			-8.2	dBFS
Total Harm. Dist. + Noise		@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>			-130	dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	SNR	@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>	129			dB
Dynamic Range	DNR	@MIL; F <sub>S</sub> = 48 kHz; per AES17	137			dB
MODULATOR: ORDER 5, 512x O	SR					
Overload Point	OLP	1 kHz			-10	dBFS
Total Harm. Dist. + Noise		@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>			-128	dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	SNR	@OLP; BW = 0.45 F <sub>S</sub>	127			dB
Dynamic Range	DNR	@MIL; F <sub>S</sub> = 48 kHz; per AES17	137			dB
RECEIVER						
Decimated Rate	F <sub>S</sub>		0.160		768	kHz
Bit Clock Rate	F <sub>B</sub>	Master or slave mode	0.128		24.576	MHz
DECIMATION FILTER						
Decimation Ratio (FB/FS)	DECR	1, 3.125, 4, 6.25, 8, 8.33, 10.67, 12.5, 16, 16.67, 18.75, 21.33, 24, 25, 32, 33.33, 37.5, 42.67, 48, 50, 64, 66.67, 75, 85.33, 96, 100, 128, 150, 192, 200, 256, 300, 384, 400, 512, 500, 768, 800	1		800	
Passband Frequency Range		All DECR except DECR = 1	0		0.45	F <sub>S</sub>
		DECR = 1	0		0.5	F <sub>B</sub>
Passband Gain		DECR = 1, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512	-0.0001		+0.0001	dB
		All other DECR	-0.001		+0.001	dB
Stopband Frequency Range		All DECR except DECR = 1	0.55		DECR/2	F <sub>S</sub>
Stopband Attenuation		All DECR except DECR = 1	120			dB

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
LOGIC LEVEL							$\mathbf{\nabla}$
Interface Voltage	V <sub>INT</sub>		1.80		3.30	V	
Resolution					0.01	V	Ň
Accuracy				±0.05		V	
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
Output Voltage High	V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 0.5 mA	0.7 • V <sub>INT</sub>			V	
Output Voltage Low	V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 0.5 mA			0.3 • V <sub>INT</sub>	V	
VDD OUTPUT							
DC Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>		0.80		3.60	V	
Resolution					0.01	V	
Accuracy				±0.05		V	
Maximum Current	I <sub>MAX</sub>				15	mA	
VDD MODULATION							
AC output level		All waveforms	0.01		V <sub>DD</sub> / 5	V <sub>pp</sub>	
Square/Pulse Frequency		Per GSM standard		216.667		Hz	
Sine Frequency			10		22000	Hz	
Frequency Accuracy				3		ppm	

# **Timing Characteristics**

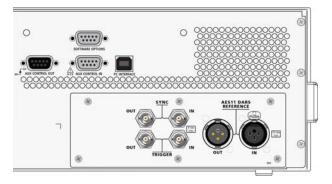
#### PDM TRANSMITTER

t <sub>clktx</sub>	Clock period (master or slave mode)	41	7813	ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Data hold time	20		ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Data setup time		t <sub>CLKTX</sub> / 2-30	ns
PDM RECEIVER				
t <sub>CLKRX</sub>	Clock period (master or slave mode)	41	7813	ns
t <sub>HP</sub>	Data hold time, rising edge	5		ns
t <sub>HN</sub>	Data hold time, falling edge	10		ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Data setup time		5	ns



## AMC Advanced Master Clock Rear Panel Sync, Trigger and Ref I/O specifications

with APx500 v4.0 or higher measurement software as fitted in APx52x, 555, and 58x audio analyzers NP0020.00023 rev 000 October 2014



This illustration shows a section of the APx rear panel, focusing on the Auxiliary I/O and the Sync, Trigger and DARS reference connections for the AMC.

These specifications cover rear panel Sync, Trigger and DARS Reference I/O functions for APx analyzers fitted with the Advanced Master Clock (AMC).

The Auxiliary I/O (GPIO) function is also described here. The Auxiliary I/O function is not part of the AMC option, but is fitted on all APx analyzers.

REAR PANEL I/O		
Auxiliary Digital Contr	ol	
Output	8 bits	Typically 0-5V, 9-pin male D-sub
Input	8 bits	Internal pull-up, 9-pin female D-sub
Sync Input		
Signal Compatibility	Square or Sine	
Voltage Range	0.8 Vpp to 5.0 Vpp	R <sub>IN</sub> >10 kΩ, AC coupled
Frequency Range	4 kHz to 50 MHz, square; 1 MHz to 50 MHz, sine	
Lock Range		Typically 100 ppm
Sync Output		
Signal	Square	
Amplitude (VH)	+0.8 V to +3.6 V, 0.1 V steps	$V_L \approx 0$ to 0.1 V
Frequency Range	8 kHz to 50 MHz	Maximum recommended frequency when interfacing to low voltage logic: 50 MHz for VH = 1.5–2.0 V; 30 MHz for VH = 1.0–1.4 V; 10 MHz for VH = 0.8–0.9 V
Reference Input (AES1	1 / DARS)	
Voltage Range	2.0 Vpp to 6.0 Vpp	$R_{IN}$ selectable: >5 k $\Omega$ or $\approx$ 110 $\Omega$
Sample Rate Range	27 kS/s to 216 kS/s	
Lock Range		Typically 100 ppm
Reference Output (AE	S11 / DARS)	
Amplitude	5.0 Vpp into 110 Ω balanced	
Sample Rate Range	8 kS/s to 216 kS/s	Usable below 27 kS/s with some loss in waveform fidelity

### Characteristic

## Specifications

## Supplemental Information

Trigger Input		
Voltage Range	–0.5 V to +5.5 V	
Threshold Level	+0.8 to +3.6 V, 0.1 V steps	$R_{IN} \approx 10 \text{ k}\Omega, DC \text{ coupled}, + \text{ or} - \text{ edge}$
		selectable
Minimum Pulse Width		Typically 20 ns
Trigger Output		
Trigger Sources	Analog Sine Generator, Audio Gener- ator, and Jitter Generator	
Amplitude (VH)	+0.8 V to +3.6 V, 0.1 V steps	VL ≈ 0 to 0.1 V



# General and Environmental Specifications

for APx52x, and 58x audio analyzers NP0020.00018 rev 002 September 2014

#### Characteristic

#### Specifications

## Supplemental Information

#### **GENERAL/ENVIRONMENTAL**

Power Requirements	100–240 Vac ±10% (90–264 Vac), 50–60 Hz, with safety ground via approved power cord, 160 VA max	No range switching or fuse changes required over the full operating range of 90–264 Vac
Temperature Range		
Operating	0° C to +45° C 0° C to +40° C for APx586 only	
Storage	–40° C to +75° C	
Humidity	90 % to +40° C (non-condensing)	
Max Operating Altitude	3,000 m	Derate max operating temperature to +40C at altitudes above 2,000 m
Stabilization Time	20 minutes	Allow up to 1 hour per 10°C if unit has been exposed to a significant change in temperature. Allow 24–48 hours to recover if condensation has occurred.
EMC	IEC 61326-1:2005 / EN 61326-1:2006. Complies with EC Council Directives 2004/108/EC and 93/68/EEC	Emissions and immunity levels are influ- enced by the quality of interface and sig- nal cables attached to the unit. Compliance was demonstrated using Audio Precision cables

Characteristic	Specifications	Supplemental Information
Safety	IEC 61010-1:2001 / EN 61010-1:2001, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-04, and UL Std No. 61010-1 (2nd Edition). Complies with EC Council Directives 2006/95/EC and 93/68/EEC	Equipment Class I, Installation Category II, Pollution Degree 2, Measurement Category I
Dimensions		
Width	432 mm (17.0 inches)	
Height	129 mm (5.08 inches)	3U rack mount kit available
Depth	467 mm (18.4 inches)	Increase by ≈8 mm [0.3 inches] if rear panel option keys are installed
Weight	Ranges from 10.7 kg [23.5 lbs] to 11.8 kg [26 lbs]	Weight depends upon model and installed options



Audio Precision, Inc. 5750 SW Arctic Drive Beaverton, Oregon 97005

800-231-7350