

Analogue Radio ICs Two-Way Radio Baseband Processor ICs

COMMUNICATION SEMICONDUCTORS

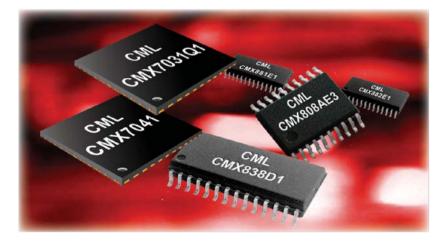
INV/Two-Way/Analogue/3

The CML Family of Analogue Radio ICs

| CMX7031 | Two-Way Radio Processor/4-Level FSK Modem/ C4FM Modem - with RF Support |
|---------------|---|
| CMX7041 | Two-Way Radio Processor/4-Level FSK Modem/ C4FM Modem |
| CMX881 | Baseband Processor for PMR and Trunked Radios |
| CMX882 | Baseband Processor, with GPS Data Transport for FRS, MURS, PMR446 and GMRS 'Leisure' Radios |
| CMX838 | FRS/PMR446/GMRS 'Family Radio' Processor |
| CMX808A | CTCSS 'Type 2' Encoder/Decoder |

A versatile collection of audio, signalling and data ICs to cater to the needs of most analogue radio systems.

Ranging from the simple CTCSS codec to the highly integrated multi-function *FirmASIC*[®] based products, the CMX7031 and CMX7041, at least one of the products showcased in this document is suitable for your two-way radio design.



| Function Image [™] updates enhance voice, signalling and data performances | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|----------|----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|---------|-------------|------------|----------|
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| noo Linet int | | CMX7031 | | | CMX7041 | | CMX808A | CMX838 | CMX881 | CMX882 |
| FirmASIC® Product | | ~ | | | ~ | Halters C | 2 C23 | Taken an | | |
| Function Image™ | FI-1.x | FI-2.x | FI-3.x | FI-1.x | FI-2.x | FI-3.x | IPO C | allen us | 10-20 ALIS | 2 |
| C-BUS Control | v | ~ | V | V | а V | ~ | V | V | v | V |
| Audio Processing | 1 | | | ~ | | - | 2.5.5 | ~ | · · · | V |
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| Selcall R59 | 66 10 v | August - | 2 | 1.0 | | | AU SA | X pro 19 | ~ | R2E |
| Audio Tones | V | PGMODE | - 100 17:22 | ~ | | 147 | | _ v | V | 34/2 |
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| FFSK/MSK | V . | 9 | | ~ | | AVSS AVI | 3 | 1-1-1- | ~ | |
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| 4-Level FSK | | ~ | | | 10r | | - v 8 | les Ge | 12 DISC | FB |
| C4FM | 발티 | -1 | V | <u>10</u> | - 1 | v | 5.5V | AVSS - INPL | T_2_FB | |
| Aux Functions | | | | | | | | | | |
| DAC | ~ | ~ | V | v | ~ | V | | | | |
| ADC | ~ | ~ | V | V | V | V | | | V | V |
| System Clocks | ~ | ~ | V | v | ~ | V | | | | |
| RF Support | | | | | | | | | | |
| RF Synthesiser/s | ~ | V | V | | | | | V | | |

Two-Way Radio Processor ICs

- Professional and Semi-Professional PMR, LMR, P25 and Trunked Systems -
 - Leisure: FRS, GMRS, MURS and PMR446 -
 - Marine VHF, Aviation Comms, Amateur and Weather Radio -

The CML Advantage

- High Integration Supports Multiple On-chip Functions
- Baseband Audio, Signalling, Data and RF Functions
- Multiple Functions Reduce Final Component Count
- Integral C-BUS Instruction Set and On-chip Signal Manipulation Reduce Host µC Overhead
- C-BUS Serial Interface Compatible with Most Serial Port Systems
- *FirmASIC*[®] Component Technology
- Comprehensive Application Support
 Evaluation and Demonstration Kits
 CML Website: www.cmlmicro.com
 - CIVIL Website: www.cmimicro.com
 - Datasheets, User Manuals and Application Notes
 - Help Desk Support on Three Continents
- Low-power Requirements with Dynamic Powersave Features
- Compact Packages Reduce PCB Footprint

CONTENTS

CMX7031 and CMX7041

Block Diagrams 3 and 4 Audio Processing 6 and 7 Signalling Data Functions 8 and 9 Signal Interfacing **Auxiliary Functions** and Synthesisers Function Images[™] and System Control 12 **CMX881 and CMX882 CMX838 CMX808A Product Evaluation**

CML in Analogue Radio

Voice, Signalling and Data ICs for Two-Way Radio Equipment

- The CMX7031: A versatile IC based on *FirmASIC*[®] technology offering either full-feature baseband (voice, signalling and data) processing, 4-level FSK freeformat/packet data or C4FM data, depending on the choice of Function Image[™]. Auxiliary ADCs, DACs, RF synthesisers and system clocks are included.
- The CMX7041: A versatile IC based on *FirmASIC*[®] technology offering either full-feature baseband (voice, signalling and data) processing, 4-level FSK freeformat/packet data or C4FM data, depending on the choice of Function Image[™]. Auxiliary ADCs, DACs and system clocks are included.
- The CMX881: A baseband audio, signalling and data processor for PMR and trunked radios. Voice, subaudio and inband signalling work alongside a 1200/2400 bps freeformat modem. The IC's operations are supported by an on-chip auxiliary ADC.
- The CMX882: A baseband audio, signalling and data processor for leisure-type radios. Voice, sub-audio and inband signalling are available, with a 1200/2400 bps packet and freeformat modem for system set-up, wireless data and GPS data transport. The IC's operations are supported by an on-chip auxiliary ADC.
- The CMX838: A wide-ranging CTCSS processor with full-feature audio processor, audio call-tone generator and RF synthesiser.
- The CMX808A: A CTCSS encoder/decoder with flexible sub-audio configurations, including Tone Clone™ capabilities. A voiceband filter is selectable to both Rx and Tx paths.



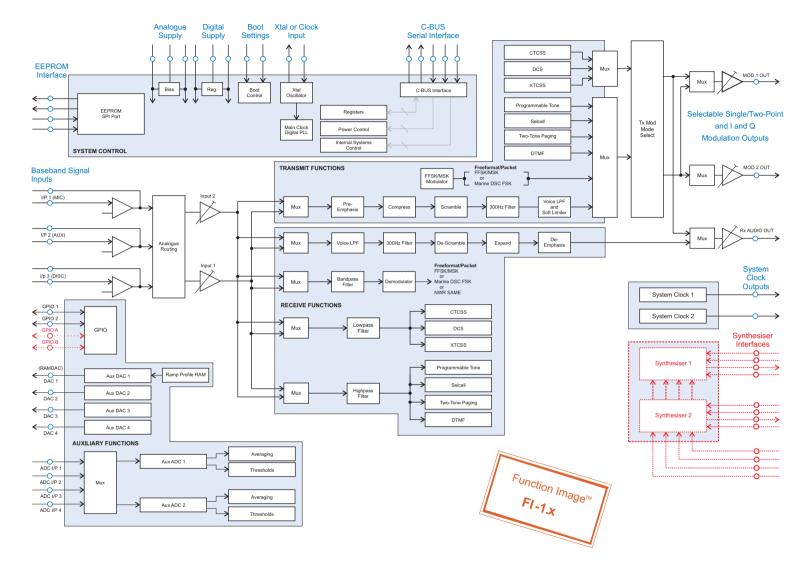
FirmASIC®

CML's proprietary *FirmASIC*[®] component technology reduces cost, time to market and development risk, with increased flexibility for the designer and end application. *FirmASIC*[®] combines Analogue, Digital, Firmware and Memory technologies in a single silicon platform that can be focused to deliver the right feature mix, performance and price for a target application family.

www.cmlmicro.com

CMX7031 and CMX7041 Two-Way Radio Processors (Function Image[™] 1.x)

... the platform approach to saving cost, time and space in two-way radio designs



Series Variants

The block diagram illustrates the functions available from the CMX7031 and CMX7041 ICs with Function Image[™] 1.x loaded. Functions in **black** are common to both products; dotted functions in **red** on the diagram are specific to products as detailed below:

Integer-N RF Synthesisers -

Two of these are available on the CMX7031 but are excluded from the CMX7041.

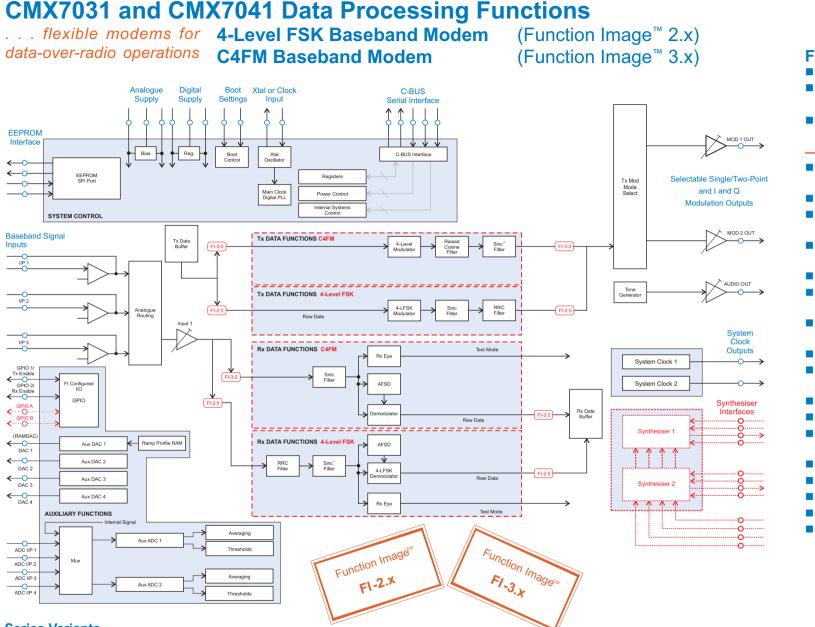
General Purpose Interfaces -

These GPIO interfaces (CMX7031 = 2 : CMX7041 = 4), which are currently unused, offer future customisation possibilities.

Features

- Built on *FirmASIC*[®] Technology
- Half-Duplex Operation
- Complete Audio Processing
- Selectable Audio Filter/Process Element Sequence Setting
- Concurrent Sub-audio and Inband Signalling
- Tone Squelch Signalling
- Inband Signalling
- XTCSS Combination Signalling
- 1200/2400 bps FFSK/MSK Data Modem
- Raw and Formatted (Marine) DSC Data Modes
- NWR SAME AFSK Demodulator
- NWR WAT Detector
- RF Synthesisers: 100MHz to 600MHz (CMX7031 only)
- Reference Clock PLL
- Auxiliary ADCs and DACs (with optional RAMDAC)
- Programmable System Clocks
- GPIO Port/s
- Flexible Single/Two-Point and I and Q Tx Modulation Outputs
- Function Upgrade Flexibility via FirmASIC[®] Technology
- C-BUS Serial Interface
- Customisation Options
- VQFN and LQFP Packaging
- Supply Requirement Range: 3.0 to 3.6 V

| Package Style | es -40° to +85°C |
|---------------|------------------|
| CMX7031L9 | 64-pin LQFP |
| CMX7031Q1 | 64-pin VQFN |
| CMX7041L4 | 48-pin LQFP |
| CMX7041Q3 | 48-pin VQFN |



Features

- Built on FirmASIC[®] Technology
- Half-Duplex 4-Level FSK Modem (FI-2.x)
- Half-Duplex C4FM Modem (FI-3.x)
- Selectable Data Rates of 4800 and 9600 bps
- Raw (Freeformat) Data Modes
- Selectable Automatic Preamble and Frame-Sync Operations
- RF Synthesisers: 100MHz to 600MHz (CMX7031 only)
- Three Selectable Analogue Inputs
- Flexible Single/Two-Point and I and Q Tx Modulation Outputs
- Programmable Comfort Tones via Audio Output
- GPIO Port/s
- Auxiliary ADCs and DACs (with optional RAMDAC)
- Reference Clock PLL
- Programmable System Clocks
- Function Upgrade Flexibility via *FirmASIC*[®] Technology
- C-BUS Serial Interface
- Customisation Options
- VQFN and LQFP Packaging
- Low-Power Operation
- Supply Requirement Range: 3.0 to 3.6 V

| Package Style | s -40° to +85°C |
|---------------|-----------------|
| CMX7031L9 | 64-pin LQFP |
| CMX7031Q1 | 64-pin VQFN |
| CMX7041L4 | 48-pin LQFP |
| CMX7041Q3 | 48-pin VQFN |

Series Variants

The block diagram illustrates the functions available from the CMX7031 and CMX7041 ICs with Function Image[™] 2.x or 3.x loaded. Functions in **black** are common to both products; dotted functions in **red** on the diagram are specific to products as detailed below:

Integer-N RF Synthesisers -

Two of these are available on the CMX7031 but are excluded from the CMX7041.

General Purpose Interfaces -

These GPIO interfaces (CMX7031 = 2 : CMX7041 = 4), which offer FI configured operations.

Audio Functions

The audio signal can be processed in a multitude of ways, depending on the implementation/s required. When configured for operation, to minimise the operating power requirement, all unused functions can be disabled and powered-down.

Voiceband Processing Operations

- Half duplex operation
- Flexible routing architecture permits concurrent signal processing
- Separate Rx and Tx channels
- Selectable audio filter/process sequence setting
- Selectable pre- and de-emphasis filter stages
- Host controlled VOGAD feature in microphone input stage
- Rx and Tx channel filtering selectable to 12.5kHz and 25kHz channels

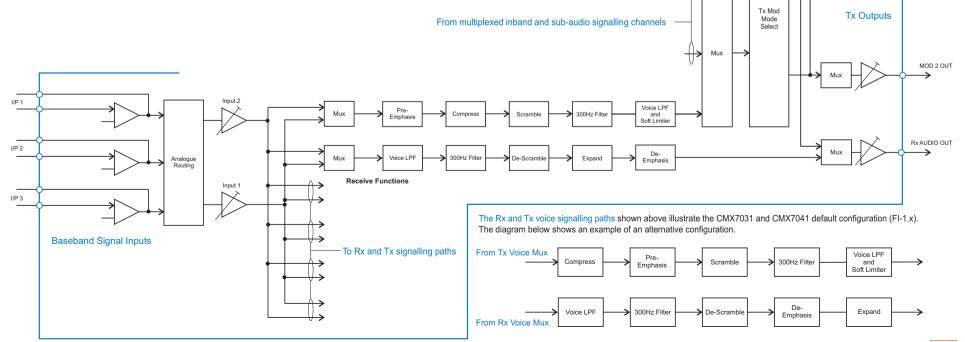
- Programmable soft Tx voiceband limiter to reduce effects of over-modulation
- Rx and Tx channel filtering compliant with ETS-300-086 and TIA/EIA-603 specifications
- Selectable Rx voiceband filter with sub-audio rejection properties
- Selectable 'syllabic' compression and expansion
- Selectable, programmable-point frequency-inversion audio scrambler/descrambler
- Software 'volume' control



Audio Filter Sequence Setting

A unique feature of these two ICs, when employed as a full feature basbend processor, (FI-1.x) is the flexibility to set the configuration of the filter/process elements within each (Rx or Tx) signal path via the IC's programming register. The diagrams below show both a default and an alternative example of a programmed configuration.

This feature is provided to allow the designer to optimise the signal-to-noise performance of any particular radio's hardware design.



MOD 1 OUT

Signalling (Function Image[™] 1.x)

In the case of both Rx and Tx signalling sections, when suitably configured by the relevant Function Image[™], these products offer a complete and comprehensive suite of inband, sub-audio and combination signalling functions, all to run concurrently with voiceband audio operations.

Inband Signalling

These two ICs, when configured by FI-1.x, support Selcall, two-tone paging, DTMF and user-programmable inband tones in the range 288 to 3000 Hz.

The CMX7031 and CMX7041 implement QTC coding; by default, on-power-up, the IC will load the EEA Selcall tone-set, but, to remain compatible with all available tone systems in use, this may be overwritten, by the host, with any valid set of tones in the in-band range.

Adjustable decoder bandwidths and threshold levels are programmable to allow the user to trade-off decode performance against local environmental conditions.

Inband Signalling

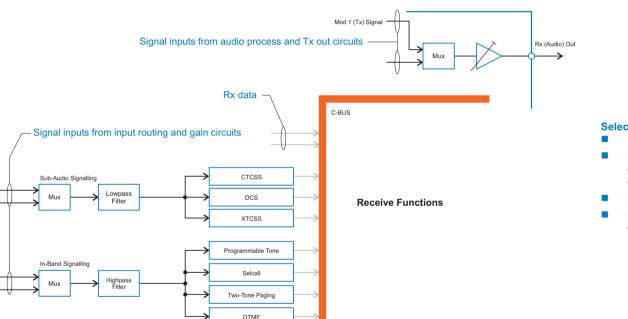
- DTMF
- Programmable Single or Dual Tones
- Selcall

Sub-audio Signalling

- CT CSS
- DCS

Combination Signalling

XTCSS



Selectable Inband Signal Processing Modes

- Rx and Tx Dual-Tone Multi-Frequency (DTMF)
- Programmable encoder/decoders - Selcall (EEA tone-set default) - Single or dual tone audio (288Hz to 3000Hz)
- Pre-programmed XTCSS with 4-tone inband addressing
- National Weather Radio (NWR) 1050Hz Warning Alarm Tone (WAT) detection

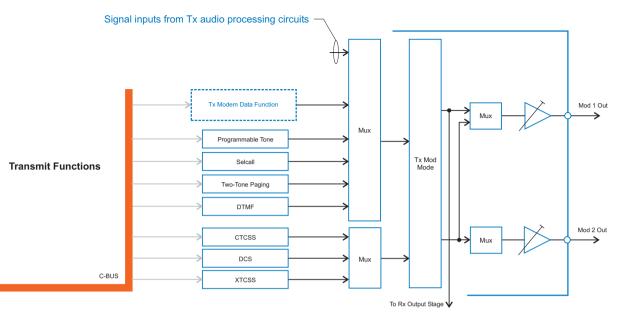
NWR Weather Radio Reception

Support is provided for the US National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) weather radio systems, offering Warning Alarm Tone detection (WAT) via the inband signalling stages, and Specific Area Message Encoding (SAME) data demodulation and detection via a dedicated AFSK demodulator. NWR monitoring can be selected and performed in parallel with existing radio operations.

DTMF Encoding and Decoding

These ICs are pre-programmed with the standard DTMF tone set for Rx and Tx operation. The transmission of (a pair of) single tones can be enabled. In addition, twist parameters can be adjusted. Selcall and sub-audio or voice audio or data can be processed in parallel.



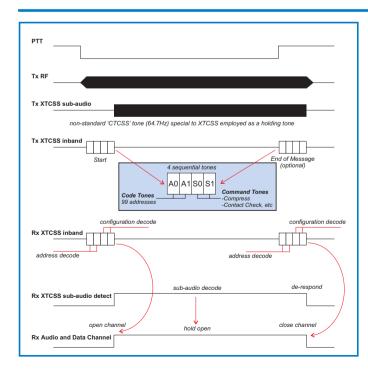


Sub-Audio Signal Processing

- 51 tone CTCSS codec
- 0°/120°/180° CTCSS phase-shift generation (Tx)
- 0°/120°/180° CTCSS phase-shift detection (Rx)
- Tone Clone[™] compatibility
- Programmable 23/24 bit DCS codec with 'true' and inverse modulation formats
- DCS end-of-transmission 'off' 134Hz tone-burst feature
- XTCSS sub-audio component encoding and decoding

CTCSS Tone Clone™

Tone Cloning[™] is a process of automating the configuration of Family Radio type radios, especially when using radios from different vendors. A radio that supports Tone Cloning[™] can copy over-air (clone) the CTCSS tone/s used by another radio. The CMX7031 and CMX7041 (FI-1.x), CMX882, CMX838 and CMX808A can be configured to support Tone Cloning[™] operations.



XTCSS Combination Signalling

Many CTCSS channels can be employed in a single RF channel. Within the 'leisure radio' environment there is always the possibility that other in-range users will use the same, standard sub-audio tone, therefore causing interference and loss of privacy. The implementation of XTCSS, an in-band tone and sub-audio signalling combination, provides, currently, up to 99 additional private channels within the single RF channel. The use of XTCSS signalling prevents 'squelch breakthrough' caused by other common-channel users.

XTCSS

- Provides secure and private voice communications
- Pre-programmed XTCSS and inband tone codec
- Over-air configuration and addressing via 4-tone (inband) signalling
- XTCSS (64.7Hz) Holding Tone available in CTCSS cache
- Provides up to 99 additional 'private' channels

Operation . . .

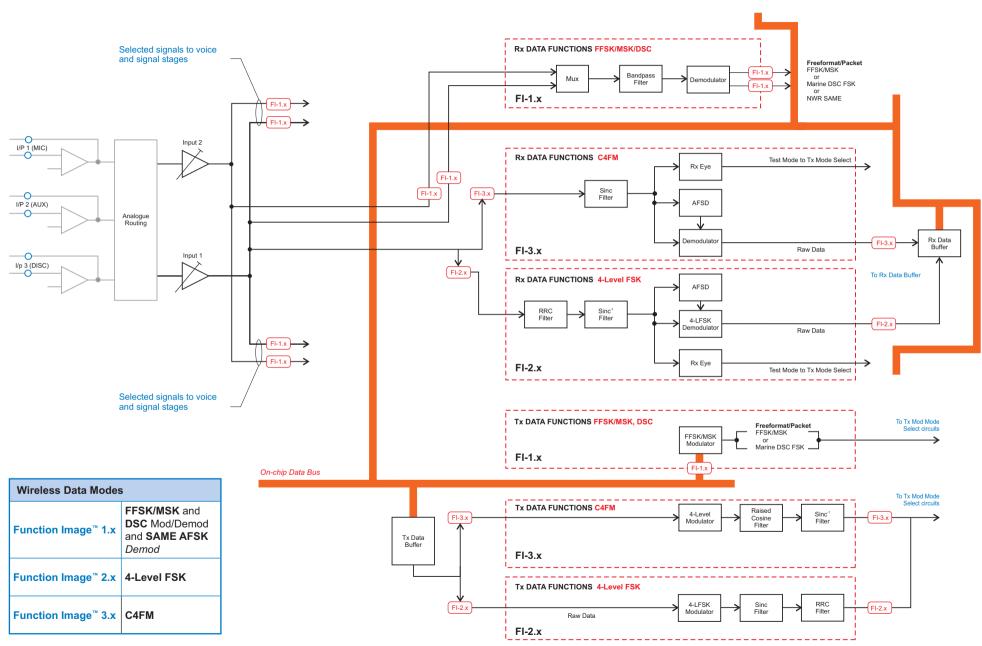
At the start of an 'over', the initial in-band bits (tones) (A0, A1, S0, S1) select the address and set up the chosen operational configuration

During the 'over', a non-standard (64.7Hz) sub-audio tone holds the channel open

At the end of the 'over', the sub-audio holding tone is dropped and, if required, the channel re-configured to a new or default mode. XTCSS parameters and operating functions are controlled by on-chip registers

Data Functions

CMX7031 and CMX7041



CMX7031 and CMX7041 Data Functions by Function Image™

The CMX7031 and the CMX7041 ICs, operating under the currently available Function Image[™] standards FI-1.x, FI-2.x and FI-3.x, each offer an on-chip wireless data function.

As part of the complete radio processor, for general system setup and wireless data operations, the FI-1.x standard configures a half-duplex 1200/2400 bps FFSK/MSK modem with both freeformat and full feature packet-data options.

In addition, this product offers, as part of its NOAA system compatibility, an NWR 1050Hz Warning Alarm Tone (WAT) detector and Specific Message Area Encoding (SAME) 520.83bps Audio Frequency Shift Keying (AFSK) demodulator.

Function Image[™] FI-1.X

FFSK/MSK Data Processing (FI-1.x)

- Freeformat and packet capabilities
- 16-bit frame sync detector, error correction, data scrambling/descrambling and interleaving
- Frame head decoding
- 1200/2400 bps FFSK/MSK data modem with autobauding
- On-chip clock recovery
- Flexible packet data facility suitable for:
 - Text messaging
 - Calling line ID
 - Caller location
 - Digital poll of remote systems
 - GPS information in NMEA 0183 format
 - Data transfer
 - MPT 1327 systems
- Packet data assembly/dis-assembly

Marine DSC Data Operations (FI-1.x)

In place of the standard FFSK/MSK modem, this product, with FI-1.x loaded, can implement a 1200bps Digital selective Call (DSC) modem conforming to the requirements of ITU-R M.493-11 for use in Marine VHF band radio systems. This function uses tones of 1300Hz and 2100Hz to represent binary 1s and 0s respectively.

- Raw and formatted (Rx and Tx) FSK data modes
- Rx Raw: Modem passes all received data to the host
- Tx Raw: Host passes all data to modem in correctly formatted form
- Rx Formatted: Incoming data checked for valid phasing; passes decoded 'characters' to host
- Tx Formatted: Dotting pattern programmed; data coded; checksum appended

NWS Specific Area Message Encoding (SAME) Reception

- NWR SAME AFSK (520.83bps) demodulation
- Selectable raw or formatted output



- Half-duplex 4-Level FSK modem
- Programmable 4800bps and 9600bps data rates
- Selectable 'raw' and packet data formatting/coding modes
- Soft and Hard decision payload data output
- Selectable automatic preamble and frame-sync insertion
- Selectable automatic frame-sync detection
- Automatic frame handling
- Root Raised Cosine (RRC) filtering
- Rx EYE monitor output for test and alignment

C4FM Data Processing (FI-3.x)

- Half-duplex 4-Level FSK modem
- Programmable 4800bps and 9600bps data rates
- Selectable 'raw' and packet data formatting/coding modes
- Soft and Hard decision payload data output
- Selectable automatic preamble and frame-sync insertion
- Selectable automatic frame-sync detection
- Automatic frame handling
- Root Raised Cosine (RRC) filtering
- Rx EYE monitor output for test and alignment





Signal Interfacing

Signal Interfacing and Routing

These products offer a very flexible on-chip routing architecture with three selectable signal inputs, and where configured by a Function Image™, two separate,

multiplexed signal processing paths.

The output interface offers a selection of two modulator drive outputs selectable to single, two-point and I and Q modulation schemes. A single audio (Rx or Tx voice or tone output) channel is selectable.

To reduce transients when switching to the Tx mode, the MOD output signals can be programmed to 'ramp-up' and 'ramp-down' at a pre-programmed rate.



| Input/Output Level Setting Ranges | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Input 1 and 2 Gain | Course 0dB to 22.4dB | |
| | Fine 0dB to -3.5dB | |
| MOD 1 and MOD 2 | Course 0dB to >40dB | |
| Attenuation | Fine 0dB to -3.5dB | |
| Audio Output Attenuation | 0dB to >60dB | |

Output Stages

- Selectable single, two-point and I and Q modulation outputs with independently programmable level adjustment
- Programmble Tx output ramp-up and ramp-down rates, via AuxDAC 1, reduce spurious outputs
- Output path offset compensation setting
- Individual output signal inversion settings
 - Selectable voice, signalling and data signal multiplexing
 - Rx and Tx 'audio volume control' and output
- MOD 1 and MOD 2 output levels can be ramped-up under control during Rx to Tx changeover. Ramp-down is available for the reverse function



Rx or Tx audio

Tx Mod Mode

Select

MOD 1 OUT

MOD 2 OUT

~

Rx AUDIO OUT

Single/Two Point

I and Q Modulation Outputs

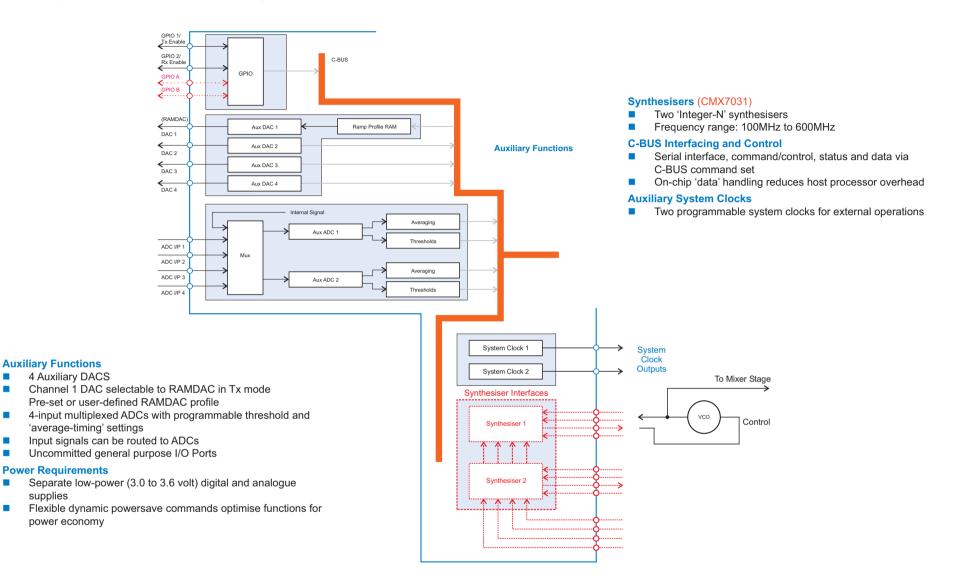
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Auxiliary Functions and Synthesisers

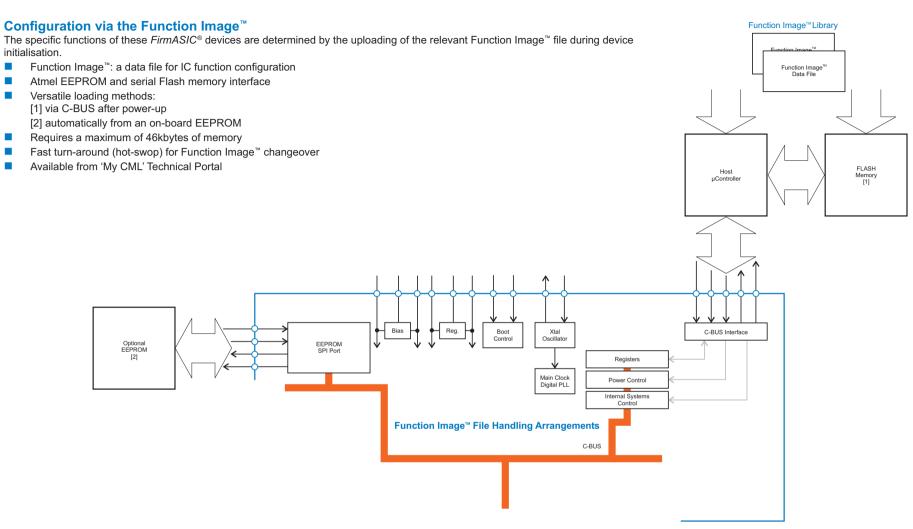


Versatile Power Systems

With a very low-power requirement in a voltage range of 3.0 to 3.6 V, the majority of the on-chip functions of either IC can be separately powersaved under host control. This enables minimum, controlled power consumption at all times.

As half-duplex products, the non-operating mode functions (Rx/Tx) can be powered-down until required. Separate function powersaving is also operationally advantageous, for instance, in allowing the power-up of the required Rx functions prior to the end of a Tx operation.

Function Images[™] and System Control



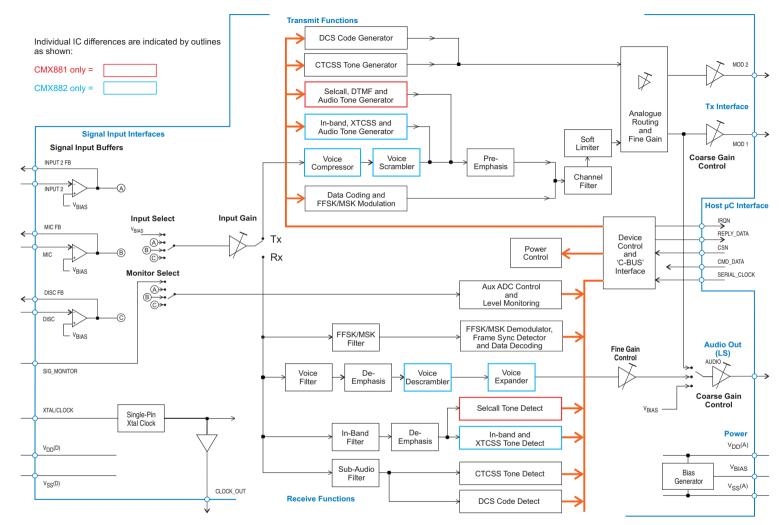
System Configuration and Control via C-BUS

All of the activated on-chip functions are controlled, by the host μ C, via the C-BUS serial data interface.

- C-BUS Serial Data Interface
- Compatible with Microwire and SPI type interfaces
- Command, status and data transfers
- Facilitates Function Image[™] operations
- Comprehensive on-chip C-BUS instruction set
- On-chip register structure reduces host overhead
- Maskable interrupts

CMX881 and CMX882 Baseband Processors

... baseband processors for PMR, Trunked and Leisure radios



CMX881 and CMX882

Two full-function half-duplex audio and signalling processor ICs for either PMR (CMX881) or FRS and PMR446 (CMX882) type facilities suitable for both complex and simple end-designs. Under the control of the host μ C, all voiceband requirements, as relevant, are catered for. These include, voiceband and sub-audio filtering, pre/de-emphasis, compression/expansion and audio routing and global level setting with single or two-point modulation functions in the transmit path.

Additionally, on the CMX882, CTCSS and In-band tone functions are integrated with the new XTCSS (page 7) code implementation. XTCSS provides additional and improved squelch-centred privacy codes with the added advantage of 'silent operation'; no annoying interference from other sub-audio users. XTCSS fitted radios enjoy more privacy and flexibility of operation.

Both ICs offer FFSK/MSK 1200/2400 bps freeformat data functions, while the CMX882 provides an advanced 1200/2400 bps free-format and packet data FFSK/ MSK modem for text messaging/paging, GPS location data transport (compatible with NMEA 0183) and other data applications.

With ultra low power requirements and graduated powersave, this product only requires a smaller, lower power µC than many existing FRS/PMR446 solutions.

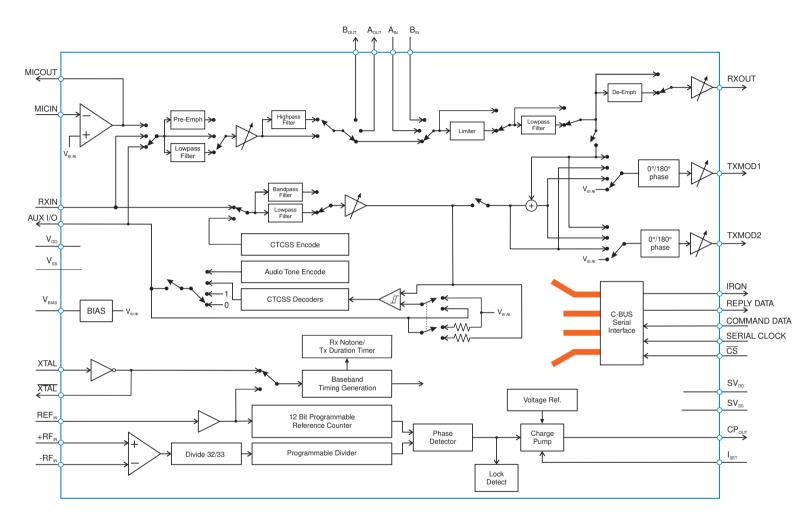
Features

- Automatic Signal Scanning, with IRQ, on Detection of Valid Signals
- Voice Processing Facilities
 - Rx and Tx Path Gain Setting
 Voiceband and Sub-Audio Filtering
 - Programmable Soft Limiter
- Programmable Signal Detection Thresholds
- Simultaneous Selcall and CTCSS/DCS Decoding
- CTCSS Tone Clone™ Compatibility
- CTCSS and (23/24-bit) DCS Codecs
- DTMF Transmitter
- Tone Generation for Caller-Recognition Tunes
- Programmable Selcall Codec
- 1200/2400 bps MSK/FFSK Freeformat Modem with Rx Sync. Detect
- XTCSS Channel and Data Signalling (see page 7)
- Robust Automatic Packet-Data Protocol with: Error Correction and Detection, Interleaving and Data Scrambling/ Privacy
- Auxiliary ADC Available to Monitor Inputs
- C-BUS Serial Interface
- Tx Interface for Single or Two-Point Modulation
- Meets ETS 300 086, MPT1327, PAA1382 and ETS 300 230 specs
- Supply Requirement Range: 2.7 to 5.5 V

| Package Style | s -40° to +85°C |
|---------------|------------------------|
| CMX881D6 | 28-pin SSOP |
| CMX881E1 | 28-pin TSSOP |
| CMX882D6 | 28-pin SSOP |
| CMX882E1 | 28-pin TSSOP |

CMX838 FRS/PMR446/GMRS 'Family Radio' Processor

... FRS, PMR 446 and GMRS 'Family Radio' Processor



Features

- Advanced 'Any-One-of-Any' 50-Tone CTCSS Processor
 - Fast Decode Time
 - IRQ on Any/All Valid Tones
 - Fast Scan
 - Group Calling
 - Auto-Response Tone Select
 - Tone Cloning™
- RF Synthesiser
 - FRS. PMR and GMRS RF Channels
- Configurable Charge-Pump
- Audio Call-Tone Generator
- Audio Processina
- Mic. Amplifier
 - Pre/De-Emphasis
 - Limiter
 - Post Limiter Filtering
 - Mic., Rx and Tx Digital Gain
 - Single and Dual Tx Outputs
- C-BUS Serial Control Interface
- Signal Source and External Function Selection
- Supply Requirement Range: 2.7 to 5.5 V

CMX838

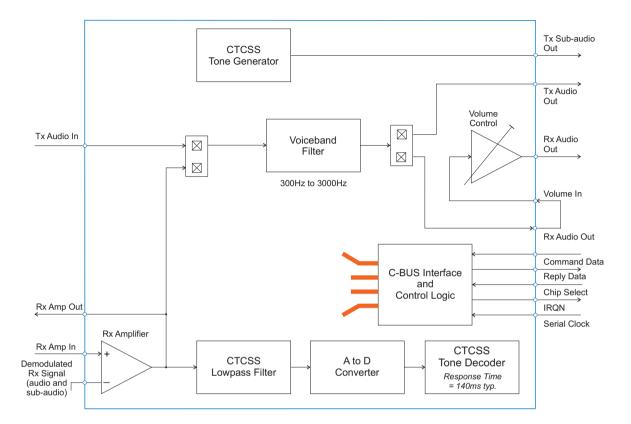
The highly integrated CMX838 Family Radio Processor includes sub-audio, audio, and synthesiser functions to serve as the core engine for low cost, high performance FRS, PMR446 and GMRS radio designs. Its flexibility supports both simple and advanced multi-channel radios without cost penalties.

Integrated Tx voltage reference and baseband clock generation circuits eliminate the need for external components. The CMX838's features directly support advanced endproduct functions such as: group calling, scanning, automatic scanner response, tone setup, and 'Tone Cloning™'. By using the CMX838 one global radio design can support multiple standards and markets. Controlled via a C-BUS serial interface this Family Radio Processor operates from a low-power supply in the range 2.7 to 5 V.

| Package Styles -40° to +85°C | | |
|------------------------------|--------------|--|
| CMX838D1 | 28-pin SOIC | |
| CMX838E1 | 28-pin TSSOP | |

CMX808A CTCSS 'Type 2' Encoder/Decoder

... individual-code CTCSS programming for FRS and PMR 446



Features

- Full CTCSS 'Type 2' Compatibility
- Up to 7 Tones in 'Active Receive'
- Single Tone Encode; Multi-tone (7)
 Decode with Selectable Rx Bandwidth
- 48 Programmable Tones Available (62.5Hz to 251Hz)
- Fast (140ms) Tone Decode
- Tone-set Cloning (Tone Clone ™) Capability
- Voiceband Filtering Function Switchable to Rx and Tx Paths
- Low Power Operation with Powersave
- Supply Requirement Range: 3.0 to 5.5 V

CMX808A

This device is a unique product for the designer of family radio transceivers. A full range of 48 sub-audio tones can be generated and detected by the device. The decode time is vastly superior to that offered by other solutions. Fast response and de-response times give the user of a Family Radio transceiver faster switching times and a reduction in the annoying squelch tail interference often found in CTCSS based systems.

A unique feature of the device is its ability to look for 7 different CTCSS codes simultaneously.

This allows FRS designers to offer equipment which can look for personal, family or open channel codes at the same time.

For example: A soccer team coach can call each of the 11 players individually or the team as a group. Codes can be used as Paging codes, open chat mode codes as well as personal and family codes.

The device is simple to interface to the host of µController via the C-BUS serial programming interface.

These features allow FRS designers to differentiate their products from that of the competition and, in unique ways, to gain market share in this highly competitive market.

| Package Style | es -40° to +85°C |
|---------------|------------------|
| CMX808AE3 | 20-pin TSSOP |
| CMX808AP4 | 24-pin PDIP |

Other Recent CML Two-Way Radio IC Products

CMX981 Advanced Digital Radio Baseband Processor: a combination codec/processor that interfaces analogue and digital sections of a digital radio system and performs the majority of the critical DSP-intensive functions of either portable, mobile or base systems. Evaluation kit available.

CMX649 Adaptive Delta Modulation (ADM) Codec: a full-duplex ADM, A-law, µ-law and linear PCM codec and transcoder for low power voice applications. Demonstration kit available.

CMX998 Cartesian Feed-Back Loop (CFBL) Transmitter: Transmitter linearisation for highspeed data systems.

> Visit the CML website for a detailed and comprehensive overview of CML's wireless and wireline voice, signalling and data products.

> > www.cmlmicro.com

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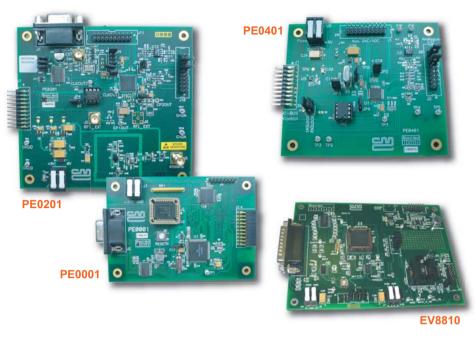
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Product Evaluation, Demonstration and Support



- PC Windows-based universal GUI to enable efficient evaluation of the product
- RS232 connection to and from a PC
- PE0001: Evaluation kit interface card translates commands to the IC's C-BUS serial bus
- PE0201: CMX7031 evaluation kit
- PE0401: CMX7041 evaluation kit
- EV8810: CMX881 and CMX882 evaluation kit

Design Resources

Design and application support available:

- CML website: www.cmlmicro.com/
- Technical datasheets and user manuals
- MyCML technical support portal
- Function Image[™] downloads
- Application notes
- Frequently Asked Questions
- Application information via local support desks
- NOAA National Weather Service: www.nws.noaa.gov/nwr/

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